Central Michigan - Emmet LiDAR - Michigan 2015

Metadata also available as - [Questions & Answers] - [Parseable text] - [XML]

Metadata:

- Identification_Information
- Data_Quality_Information
- <u>Spatial_Data_Organization_Information</u>
- Spatial_Reference_Information
- <u>Distribution_Information</u>
- <u>Metadata_Reference_Information</u>
- Entity_and_Attribute_Information

Identification_Information:

Citation:

Citation_Information:

Originator: State of Michigan (SOM) Publication_Date: 2015 Title: Central Michigan - Emmet LiDAR - Michigan 2015 Edition: 1.0 Geospatial_Data_Presentation_Form: raster digital data Publication_Information: Publication_Place: Michigan Publisher: State of Michigan

Online_Linkage: http://www.michigan.gov

Description:

Abstract:

This metadata record describes the hydro-flattened bare earth digital elevation model (DEM) derived from the classified LiDAR data for the 2015 Michigan LiDAR project covering approximately 494 square miles, in which its extents cover Emmet County. *Lidar Information:*

Lidar_Collection_Information:

Lidar_Specification: USGS Base Specification 1.0, QL2 meeting 24.5cm FVA Lidar_Sensor: Leica ALS80 Lidar_Maximum_Returns: 4 Lidar_Nominal_Pulse_Spacing: 0.65 Lidar_Nominal_Pulse_Density: 1.67 Lidar_Aggregate_Nominal_Pulse_Density: 2.2 Lidar_Aggregate_Nominal_Pulse_Spacing: 0.71 Lidar_Flight_Height: 2250 Lidar_Flight_Speed: 135 Lidar_Scan_Angle: 32 Lidar_Scan_Frequency: 64 Lidar_Pulse_Rate: 167

Lidar Pulse Duration: 10 Lidar Pulse Width: 3 Lidar Central Wavelength: 1064 Lidar Multiple Pulses In Air: 1 Lidar Beam Divergence: 0.3 Lidar Swath Width: 1222 Lidar Swath Overlap: 30 Lidar Coordinate Reference System Name: NAD 1983 2011 State Plane Michigan Central FIPS 2112 Ft Intl Lidar Geoid: NGS Geoid12a Lidar Accuracy Information: Lidar Calculated Horizontal Accuracy: 1.0 Lidar Raw Fundamental Vertical Accuracy: 0.080 Lidar Classified Fundamental Vertical Accuracy: 0.080 Lidar Classified Consolidated Vertical Accuracy: 0.139 Lidar Supplemental Vertical Accuracy: Lidar Supplemental Vertical Accuracy Type: LowVeg Lidar Supplemental Vertical Accuracy Value: 0.133 Lidar Supplemental Vertical Accuracy: Lidar Supplemental Vertical Accuracy Type: MedVeg Lidar Supplemental Vertical Accuracy Value: 0.143 Lidar Supplemental Vertical Accuracy: Lidar Supplemental Vertical Accuracy Type: HighVeg Lidar Supplemental Vertical Accuracy Value: 0.179 Lidar LAS Information: Lidar LAS Version: 1.2 Lidar_LAS_Point_Record_Format: 1 Lidar LAS Witheld Point Identifier: Withheld (ignore) points were identified in these files using class 10. Lidar LAS Overage Point Identifier: Swath "overage" points were identified in these files by classifying to class 11. Lidar LAS Radiometric Resolution: 10 Lidar LAS Classification: Lidar LAS Class Code: 1 Lidar LAS Class Description: Unclassified Lidar LAS Classification: Lidar LAS Class Code: 2 Lidar LAS Class Description: Bare-earth Lidar LAS Classification: Lidar LAS Class Code: 7 Lidar LAS Class Description: All noise Lidar LAS Classification: Lidar LAS Class Code: 9 Lidar LAS Class Description: Water Lidar LAS Classification: Lidar LAS Class Code: 10 *Lidar LAS Class Description:* Ignored Ground (Breakline Proximity) Lidar LAS Classification: Lidar LAS Class Code: 11 *Lidar LAS Class Description:* Withheld (overlap)

Purpose: To acquire detailed surface elevation data for use in conservation planning, design, research, floodplain mapping, dam safety assessments, and hydrologic modeling. LAS and bare earth DEM data products are suitable for 1 foot contour generation. USGS LiDAR Base Specification 1.0, QL2. 24.5 cm FVA. Supplemental Information: Project Projection, Datums and Units. Projection - State Plane Michigan Central. Horizontal datum - North American Datum of 1983 (NAD83 (2011)). Vertical datum - North American Vertical Datum of 1988 (NAVD88) using the latest geoid (Geoid12a) for converting ellipsoidal heights to orthometric heights. Units - intl feet Time Period of Content: Time Period Information: Range of Dates/Times: Beginning Date: 20150501 Ending Date: 20150505 Currentness Reference: ground condition Status: Progress: Complete Maintenance and Update Frequency: Unknown Spatial Domain: Bounding Coordinates: West Bounding Coordinate: -85.120864 East Bounding Coordinate: -84.729138 North Bounding Coordinate: 45.789573 South Bounding Coordinate: 45.269605 Left Bounding Coordinate: 770000 Right Bounding Coordinate: 805000 Top Bounding Coordinate: 4220000 Bottom Bounding Coordinate: 4141400 Keywords: Theme: Theme Keyword Thesaurus: MI Theme Keyword: LiDAR *Theme Keyword:* mapping Theme Keyword: point cloud Theme Keyword: Ground points Theme Keyword: Unclassified points Theme Keyword: Water points Theme Keyword: Overlap points Theme Keyword: ALS80 Theme Keyword: Intensity return Theme Keyword: LAS *Theme Keyword:* Digital Elevation Model (DEM) Theme Keyword: Digital Terrain Model (DTM) Theme Keyword: Digital Surface Model (DSM) Theme Keyword: IMG Theme Keyword: Grid *Theme Keyword:* Bare Earth Theme Keyword: First Return Theme Keyword: Contour Place:

Place_Keyword_Thesaurus: MI Place_Keyword: Michigan Place_Keyword: Emmet Place_Keyword: United States Temporal:

Temporal_Keyword_Thesaurus: none *Temporal_Keyword:* 2015

Access_Constraints:

This data may be used by the requested party for stated purposes and should not be redistributed.

Use_Constraints:

This data is for planning purposes only and should not be used for legal or cadastral purposes. Any conclusions drawn from analysis of this information are not the responsibility of Sanborn Map Company. Users should be aware that temporal changes may have occurred since this dataset was collected and some parts of this dataset may no longer represent actual surface conditions. Users should not use these data for critical applications without a full awareness of its limitations.

Contact: State of Michigan

Point of Contact: Contact Information: Contact Person Primary: Contact Person: Everett Root Contact Organization: State of Michigan Contact Position: Manager, Geodata Services Section Contact Address: Address Type: mailing address Address: 111 S. Capitol Ave *City:* Lansing State or Province: MI Postal Code: 48933 Country: U.S.A. Address: 10th Floor Romney Contact Voice Telephone: 517-335-7180 Contact Electronic Mail Address: roote@michigan.gov Hours of Service: 8:00 AM - 5:00 PM Native Data Set Environment: Microsoft Windows 7; ESRI ArcCatalog 9.3.1.1850 Security Information: Security Classification System: unknown Security Classification: Unclassified Security Handling Description: unknown

Data_Quality_Information: Attribute_Accuracy: Attribute_Accuracy_Report: Michigan Area 3:

The LiDAR surface was evaluated using a collection of 20 GPS surveyed checkpoints for the FVA report. The DEM was compared to this checkpoint class yielding much

better result than was required for the project.

Area 3 FVA Control Accuracy Report (feet)

----- Report Disclaimer ------

This report does not guarantee accuracy. The report only reflects one statistical representation of the control points, LIDAR data and surface used. This report does not replace a through quality control process.

----- Report Summary ------ Average dz 0.072 Minimum dz -0.101 Maximum dz 0.377 Average magnitude 0.094 Root mean square 0.136 Std deviation 0.118

Attribute accuracy is tested after the LiDAR processing stage. After classification of the LiDAR data, DEMs are created using the bare earth points. The FVA, SVA, and CVA reports are generated from the comparison of the DEM and the ground control collected within the project area.

The DEM surface was evaluated using a collection of 20 GPS surveyed checkpoints for the FVA report. The DEM was compared to this checkpoint class yielding much better result than was required for the project.

Area 3 FVA Control Accuracy Report (feet)

----- Report Disclaimer ------

This report does not guarantee accuracy. The report only reflects one statistical representation of the control points, LIDAR data and surface used. This report does not replace a through quality control process.

------ Report Summary ------ Average dz 0.072 Minimum dz -0.101 Maximum dz 0.377 Average magnitude 0.094 Root mean square 0.136 Std deviation 0.118

Attribute accuracy is tested after the LiDAR processing stage. After classification of the LiDAR data, DEMs are created using the bare earth points. The SVA report is generated from the comparison of the DEM and the ground control collected within the project area. This report includes the SVA class of Low Veg.

The DEM was evaluated using a collection of 20 GPS surveyed checkpoints. The DEM was compared to this checkpoint class yielding much better result than was required for the project.

Emmet County SVA Control Accuracy Report (feet)

----- Report Disclaimer ------

This report does not guarantee accuracy. The report only reflects one statistical representation of the control points, LIDAR data and surface used. This report does not replace a through quality control process.

----- Report Summary ------ Average dz 0.210 Minimum dz 0.020 Maximum dz 0.504 Average magnitude 0.210 Root mean square 0.254 Std deviation 0.147

Attribute accuracy is tested after the LiDAR processing stage. After classification of the LiDAR data, DEMs are created using the bare earth points. The SVA report is generated from the comparison of the DEM and the ground control collected within the project area. This report includes the SVA class of Medium Veg.

The DEM was evaluated using a collection of 20 GPS surveyed checkpoints. The DEM was compared to this checkpoint class yielding much better result than was required for the project.

Area 3 SVA Control Accuracy Report (feet)

----- Report Disclaimer ------

This report does not guarantee accuracy. The report only reflects one statistical representation of the control points, LIDAR data and surface used. This report does not replace a through quality control process.

----- Report Summary ------ AAverage dz 0.259 Minimum dz -0.060 Maximum dz 0.713 Average magnitude 0.265 Root mean square 0.305 Std deviation 0.164

Attribute accuracy is tested after the LiDAR processing stage. After classification of the LiDAR data, DEMs are created using the bare earth points. The SVA report is generated from the comparison of the DEM and the ground control collected within the project area. This report includes the SVA class of High Veg.

The DEM was evaluated using a collection of 21 GPS surveyed checkpoints. The DEM was compared to this checkpoint class yielding much better result than was required for the project.

Area 3 SVA Control Accuracy Report (feet)

----- Report Disclaimer ------

This report does not guarantee accuracy. The report only reflects one statistical representation of the control points, LIDAR data and surface used. This report does not replace a through quality control process.

----- Report Summary ------ Average dz 0.071 Minimum dz -0.638 Maximum dz 0.588 Average magnitude 0.213 Root mean square 0.273 Std deviation 0.270

Attribute accuracy is tested after the LiDAR processing stage. After classification of the LiDAR data, DEMs are created using the bare earth points. The CVA report is generated from the comparison of the DEM and the ground control collected within the project area.

The DEM was evaluated using a collection of 81 GPS surveyed checkpoints. The DEM was compared to all checkpoint classes yielding much better result than was required for the project.

Area 3 CVA Control Accuracy Report (feet)

----- Report Disclaimer ------

This report does not guarantee accuracy. The report only reflects one statistical representation of the control points, LIDAR data and surface used. This report does not replace a through quality control process.

------ Report Summary ------ Average dz 0.152 Minimum dz -0.638 Maximum dz 0.713 Average magnitude 0.196 Root mean square 0.250 Std deviation 0.200

Logical_Consistency_Report:

LiDAR data is collected within the project area and processed. After the DEMs were created, the dataset was verified against control. Control was collected in 5 areas. Area 3 includes Emmet and Mackinac. Accuracy results are reported for area 3.

Completeness_Report:

LiDAR data is collected for the project area. Post processing of the simultaneously acquired GPS/INS is performed and applied to the laser returns to output a point cloud in the specified project coordinate system and datums. The point cloud data is then subjected to automated classification routines to assign all points in the point cloud to ground, water, overlap and unclassified point classes. Anomalous laser returns that occur infrequently are removed entirely from the data set. Once clean bare earth points are established, DEMs are created using bare earth points and hydro features. The DEM surface is then compared to the survey checkpoints. These accuracies must pass the Fundamental Vertical Accuracy, Supplemental Vertical Accuracy, and Consolidated Vertical Accuracy specifications.

Positional_Accuracy:

Horizontal_Positional_Accuracy:

Horizontal Positional Accuracy Report:

Horizontal positional accuracy for Emmet LiDAR is dependent upon the quality of the GPS/INS solution, sensor calibration and ground conditions at the time of data capture. The standard system results for horizontal accuracy meet or exceed the project specified 1.0 meter RMSE.

Quantitative_Horizontal_Positional_Accuracy_Assessment:

Horizontal_Positional_Accuracy_Value: 1.0

Horizontal_Positional_Accuracy_Explanation:

Emmet County, this value is computed by comparing ground control to a DEM derived from the classified LiDAR data and represents the RMSE of residuals on controls within the project area.

Vertical_Positional_Accuracy:

Vertical Positional Accuracy Report:

For the DEM data derived from the classified point cloud, the FVA, SVA, and

CVA were computed. The vertical accuracy was tested with independent survey check points located in various terrain types within Emmet County. These check points were not used in the calibration or post processing of the lidar point cloud data. The survey check points were distributed throughout the block area. Specifications for this project require that the FVA be 24.5 cm or better @ 95 percent confidence level.

Quantitative_Vertical_Positional_Accuracy_Assessment:

Vertical_Positional_Accuracy_Value:

0.041m RMSE, or 0.080FVA @ 95 percent confidence level in open terrain using RMSEz x 1.9600

Vertical_Positional_Accuracy_Explanation:

The FVA was tested using 20 independent survey check points located in flat terrain types within Area 3. The survey checkpoints were distributed throughout the block area. The 20 independent check points were surveyed using static GPS base stations collecting point location for 20 minute intervals. Elevations were measured for the x,y,z location of each check point. Elevations interpolated from the DEM surface were then compared to the elevation values of the surveyed control. The RMSE was computed to be 0.041 m. AccuracyZ has been tested to meet 12.5 cm Fundamental Vertical Accuracy at 95 Percent confidence level using RMSE(z) x 1.9600 as defined by the National Standards for Spatial Data Accuracy (NSSDA); assessed and reported using National Digital Elevation Program (NDEP)/ASRPS Guidelines.

Quantitative Vertical Positional Accuracy Assessment:

Vertical Positional Accuracy Value:

0.076m RMSE, or 0.139m CVA @ 95th Percentile using all FVA and SVA class checkpoints (CVA)

Vertical Positional Accuracy Explanation:

The CVA was tested using 81 independent survey check points located in various terrain types within Area 3. The survey checkpoints were distributed throughout the block area. The 81 independent check points contained all FVA and SVA class points and were surveyed using static GPS base stations collecting point location for 20 minute intervals. Elevations were measured for the x,y,z location of each check point. Elevations interpolated from the DEM surface were then compared to the elevation values of the surveyed control. The RMSE was computed to be 0.076m, or 0.139m @ 95th Percentile defined by the National Standards for Spatial Data Accuracy (NSSDA); assessed and reported using National Digital Elevation Program (NDEP)/ASRPS Guidelines.

Quantitative Vertical Positional Accuracy Assessment:

Vertical_Positional_Accuracy_Value: 0.077m RMSE, or 0.133m SVA @ 95th Percentile

Vertical_Positional_Accuracy_Explanation:

The SVA was tested using 20 independent survey check points located in low vegetation terrain types within Area 3. The survey checkpoints were distributed throughout the block area. The 20 independent check points were surveyed using static GPS base stations collecting point location for 20 minute intervals. Elevations were measured for the x,y,z location of each check point. Elevations interpolated from the DEM surface were then compared to the elevation values of the surveyed control. The RMSE was computed to be 0.077m, or 0.133m @ 95th Percentile defined by the National Standards for Spatial Data Accuracy (NSSDA); assessed and reported using National Digital Elevation Program (NDEP)/ASRPS Guidelines.

Quantitative Vertical Positional Accuracy Assessment:

Vertical_Positional_Accuracy_Value: 0.093m RMSE, or 0.143m SVA @ 95th Percentile

Vertical Positional Accuracy Explanation:

The SVA was tested using 20 independent survey check points located in medium vegetation terrain types within Area 3. The survey checkpoints were distributed throughout the block area. The 20 independent check points were surveyed using static GPS base stations collecting point location for 20 minute intervals. Elevations were measured for the x,y,z location of each check point. Elevations interpolated from the DEM surface were then compared to the elevation values of the surveyed control. The RMSE was computed to be 0.093m, or 0.143m @ 95th Percentile defined by the National Standards for Spatial Data Accuracy (NSSDA); assessed and reported using National Digital Elevation Program (NDEP)/ASRPS Guidelines.

Quantitative Vertical Positional Accuracy Assessment:

Vertical_Positional_Accuracy_Value: 0.083m RMSE, or 0.179m SVA @ 95th Percentile

Vertical Positional Accuracy Explanation:

The SVA was tested using 21 independent survey check points located in high vegetation terrain types within Area 3. The survey checkpoints were distributed throughout the block area. The 21 independent check points were surveyed using static GPS base stations collecting point location for 20 minute intervals. Elevations were measured for the x,y,z location of each check point. Elevations interpolated from the DEM surface were then compared to the elevation values of the surveyed control. The RMSE was computed to be 0.083m, or 0.179m @ 95th Percentile defined by the National Standards for Spatial Data Accuracy (NSSDA); assessed and reported using National Digital Elevation Program (NDEP)/ASRPS Guidelines.

Lineage:

Source_Information:

Source_Citation:

Citation_Information:

Originator: Sanborn Map Company Inc.

Publication Date: Unpublished Material

Title: LiDAR Data

Edition: 1.0

Geospatial_Data_Presentation_Form: Remote sensing image

Publication_Information:

Publication_Place: None

Publisher: None

Type_of_Source_Media: disc

Source_Time_Period_of_Content:

Time_Period_Information:

Single_Date/Time:

Calendar_Date: 2015

Source Currentness Reference: ground condition

Source_Citation_Abbreviation: LIDAR and GPS_RAW	
Aerial LiDAR and GPS/IMU data are recorded for the defined pro an altitude, flight speed, scanner swath width and scanner pulse fre achieve the design goals of the project.	ject area at equency to
Source Information:	
Source Citation:	
\overline{C} itation Information:	
Originator: Sanborn Map Company Inc.	
Publication Date: 2010	
<i>Title</i> : Ground control	
Edition: 1.0	
Geospatial Data Presentation Form tabular digital data	
Publication Information	
Publication Place: None	
Publisher: None	
Type of Source Media: disc	
Source Time Period of Content:	
Time Period Information:	
Single Date/Time:	
Calendar Date: 2015	
Source Currentness Reference: Ground condition	
Source Citation Abbreviation: CONT	
Source Contribution:	
Targeted ground control is used to create a digital control file and	control report
as well as OC check of LiDAR accuracy. Predefined points (NGS)	when
available) within the project area are targeted	WIICH
Source Information	
Source Citation	
Citation Information:	
Originator: Sanborn Man Company Inc	
Publication Date: Unnublished material	
Title: Post processed GPS/INS	
Edition: 1.0	
Geospatial Data Presentation Form: Tabular digital data	
Source Scale Denominator: 1200	
Type of Source Media: disk	
Source Time Period of Content	
Time Period Information:	
Single Date/Time	
Calendar Date: 2015	
Source Currentness Reference: Ground condition	
Source Citation Abbreviation: GPS	
Source Contribution	
Post processed GPS/INS is applied to the lidar point data to georef	erence each
point in the project coordinate system	••••••
Source Information.	
Source Citation	
Citation Information	
Originator: Sanborn Man Company Inc	
Publication Date: Unpublished material	

Title: Post processed lidar *Edition*: 1.0 Geospatial Data Presentation Form: Point digital data Source Scale Denominator: 1200 Type of Source Media: Disk Source Time Period of Content: Time Period Information: Single Date/Time: Calendar Date: 2015 Source Currentness Reference: ground condition Source Citation Abbreviation: LAS Source Contribution: The post processed lidar data has been projected and oriented in the specified coordinate system as an un-classified point cloud. Source Information: Source Citation: Citation Information: Originator: Sanborn Map Company Inc. Publication Date: Unpublished material Title: Classified lidar Edition: 1.0 Geospatial Data Presentation Form: Point digital data Source Scale Denominator: 1200 Type of Source Media: disk Source Time Period of Content: Time Period Information: Single Date/Time: Calendar Date: 2015 Source Currentness Reference: ground condition Source Citation Abbreviation: LAS Source Contribution: The classified lidar point cloud is used to derive various data products such as, but not limited to, bare earth gridded DEM, triangulated irregular networks (TIN), contours, digital surface models (DSM). The output format is fully compliant LAS v1.2 or v1.3, Point Record Format 1 Source Information: Source Citation: Citation Information: Originator: State of Michigan Publication Date: Unpublished Material *Title:* Tile Definition Edition: 1.0 Geospatial Data Presentation Form: raster digital data Source Scale Denominator: 1200 Type of Source Media: disk Source Time Period of Content: Time Period Information: Single Date/Time: Calendar Date: 2015 Source Currentness Reference: ground condition Source Citation Abbreviation: TLDEF

Source_Contribution:

The tile definition defines discreet non-overlapping rectangular areas used as cut lines to break up the large classified lidar dataset into smaller, more manageable data tiles. Each tile is 2500ft by 2500ft in dimension.

Process_Step:

Process_Description:

At selected locations throughout the site, accurate GPS coordinates and elevations are surveyed and the points are marked with targets.

Source_Used_Citation_Abbreviation: None

Process_Date: 2015

Source_Produced_Citation_Abbreviation: CONT

Process_Step:

Process_Description:

New LiDAR data is captured for the project area using a Leica ALS80 w/MPiA LiDAR instrument an integrated IPAS20 GPS/INS system mounted within a Aero Commander twin engine airplane.

Source_Used_Citation_Abbreviation: None

Process_Date: 2015

Source_Produced_Citation_Abbreviation: LIDAR, GPS_RAW

Process_Step:

Process_Description:

The airborne GPS data is post-processed in Intertial Explorer software and LEICA CloudPro software to determine the LiDAR sensor's angle and orientation in the terrain (project) coordinate system and datums during the survey.

Source_Used_Citation_Abbreviation: GPS_RAW

Process_Date: 2015

Source_Produced_Citation_Abbreviation: GPS_SOL

Process_Step:

Process_Description:

The post processed GPS/INS solution is applied to the raw lidar data to orient and project the data points into the project area reference system as an unclassified point cloud.

Source_Used_Citation_Abbreviation: LIDAR, GPS_SOL

Process_Date: 2015

Source_Produced_Citation_Abbreviation: LAS

Process_Step:

Process_Description:

The georeferenced lidar data is then classified and edited in Terrasolid Terrascan software. Data is classified to produce: Class 1: unclassified, Class 2: ground, Class 7: low point, Class 9: water, Class 10: ignored ground, Class 11: withheld.

Source_Used_Citation_Abbreviation: CONT, GPS_SOL, LIDAR Process_Date: 2015

Source_Produced_Citation_Abbreviation: LAS

Process_Step:

Process_Description:

The bare earth points of the processed lidar data are then output to a DEM tile format. The DEM is compared to the ground control and elevation differences between the surface and surveyed elevation are recorded in tabular form. Vertical accuracy statistics are then developed to produce vertical RMSE and overall accuracy estimates and reports. Source_Used_Citation_Abbreviation: CONT, LIDAR Process_Date: 2015 Source_Produced_Citation_Abbreviation: None

Spatial_Data_Organization_Information: Direct_Spatial_Reference_Method: Point

Spatial Reference Information: Horizontal Coordinate System Definition: Geodetic Model: Horizontal Datum Name: North American Datum of 1983 Ellipsoid Name: Geodetic Reference System 80 Semi-major Axis: 6378137.000000 Denominator of Flattening Ratio: 298.257222101004 Planar: Map Projection: Map Projection Name: Lambert Conformal Conic Lambert Conformal Conic: Standard Parallel: 44.18333333333333 Standard Parallel: 45.7 Longitude of Central Meridian: -84.3666666666666667 Latitude of Projection Origin: 43.31666666666667 False Easting: 19685039.3700787 False Northing: 0 Planar Coordinate Information: Planar Coordinate Encoding Method: coordinate pair Coordinate Representation: Abscissa Resolution: 2 Ordinate Resolution: 2 Planar Distance Units: international feet Vertical Coordinate System Definition: Altitude System Definition: Altitude Datum Name: North American Vertical Datum of 1988(GEOID12a) Altitude Resolution: 0.1 Altitude Distance Units: feet Altitude Encoding Method: Explicit elevation coordinate included with horizontal coordinates

Distribution_Information: Distributor: Contact_Information: Contact_Person_Primary: Contact_Person: Everett Root Contact_Organization: State of Michigan Contact_Position: Manager, Geodata Services Section Contact_Address: Address: Type: mailing address Address: 111 S. Capitol Ave City: Lansing State_or_Province: MI Postal_Code: 48933 Country: U.S.A. Address: 10th Floor Romney Contact_Voice_Telephone: 517-335-7180 Contact_Electronic_Mail_Address: roote@michigan.gov Hours_of_Service: 8:00 AM - 5:00 PM

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Standard Order Process:

Digital Form: Digital Transfer Information: Format Name: LAS Format Version Number: 1.2 Transfer Size: 2000 Digital Transfer Option: Online Option: Computer Contact Information: Network Address: Network Resource Name: http://www.michigan.gov Access Instructions: unknown Offline Option: Offline Media: 5 - 1/2 inch hard drive Recording Format: LAS *Fees:* unknown Ordering Instructions: State of Michigan Turnaround: unknown Available Time Period: Time Period Information: Single Date/Time: Calendar Date: 2015

Metadata_Reference_Information:

Metadata Date: 2015 Metadata Contact: Contact Information: Contact Person Primary: Contact Person: Kris Andersen Contact Organization: Sanborn Map Co Contact Position: Project Manager Contact Address: Address Type: mailing address Address: 1935 Jamboree Dr City: Colorado Springs State or Province: CO Postal Code: 80920 Country: U.S.A. Contact Voice Telephone: 719.264.5490 Contact Electronic Mail Address: kandersen@sanborn.com Hours of Service: 8:00 AM - 5:00 PM Metadata Standard Name: FGDC CSDGM Metadata Standard Version: FGDC-STD-001-1998

Entity and Attribute Information:

Overview_Description: Entity and Attribute Detail Citation: USGS Base Specification 1.0, QL2 meeting 24.5cm

FVA Entity_and_Attribute_Overview: Bare Earth only

Classes: 2 - Bare-Earth Ground

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