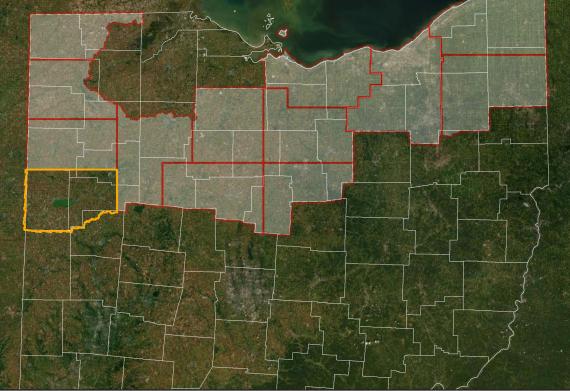
# OH Statewide Phase 1 2019 B19 Lot 10 Block 13 Airborne Lidar Report December 2020





 Contract #
 G16PC00022

 Task Order #
 140G0219F0279



ContractorWoolpertProject #79574

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# 1. Overview

## About

This project contains a comprehensive outline of the 140G0219F0279 OH Statewide Phase 1 2019 B19 task order issued by the United States Geological Survey's National Geospatial Technical Operations Center (USGS-NGTOC). This task order called for the acquisition and processing of QL1 data over 13 blocks that total approximately 12,808.6 square miles in northern Ohio.

This report encompasses the Lot 10 Block 13 area of interest. This AOI totals approximately 952 square miles and includes the following counties:

- Allen
- Auglaize
- Darke
- Mercer
- Shelby
- Van Wert

### Purpose

This project will support the 3DEP mission, the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) high resolution elevation enterprise program and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) Risk Mapping, Assessment and Planning (MAP) program.

## Specifications

Data for this task order was acquired and produced to meet USGS Lidar Base Specification 1.3 standards and the American Society of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing (ASPRS) Positional Accuracy Standards for Digital Geospatial Data (Edition 1, Version 1.0).

### **Spatial Reference**

Geospatial data products were produced using the following horizontal and vertical spatial data reference system.

Horizontal	EPSG Code	6549
	Datum	NAD83 (2011)
	Projection	State Plane Ohio North (FIPS 3401)
	Units	US Survey Feet
Vertical	Datum	NAVD88
	Geoid	GEOID12B
	Units	US Survey Feet
	Height Type	Orthometric

#### Table 1-1. Spatial Reference System

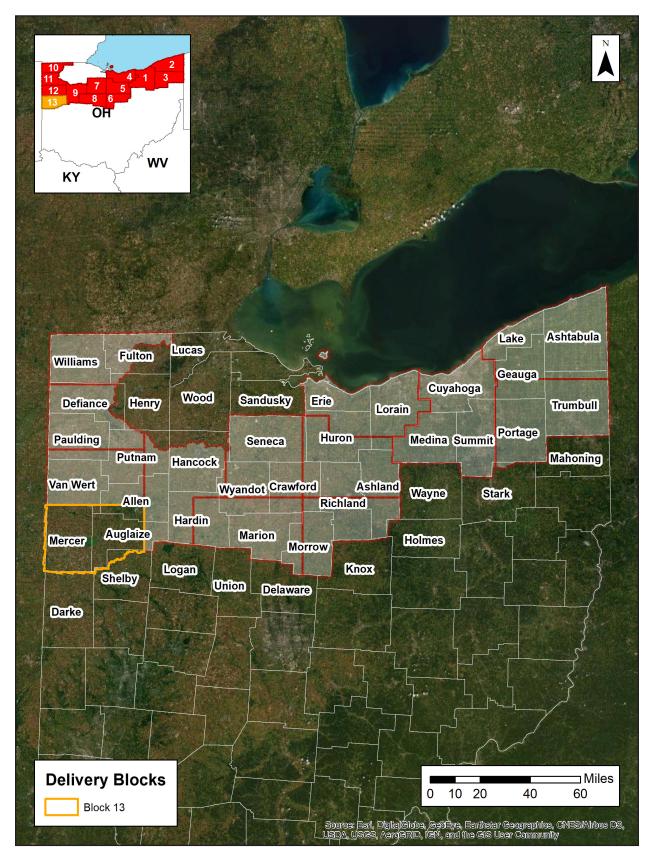
## Task Order Deliverables

All data products produced as part of this task order are listed below. All tiled deliverables had a tile size of 1,250-feet x 1,250 feet. Tile names are derived from the Ohio (OGRIP) naming schema.

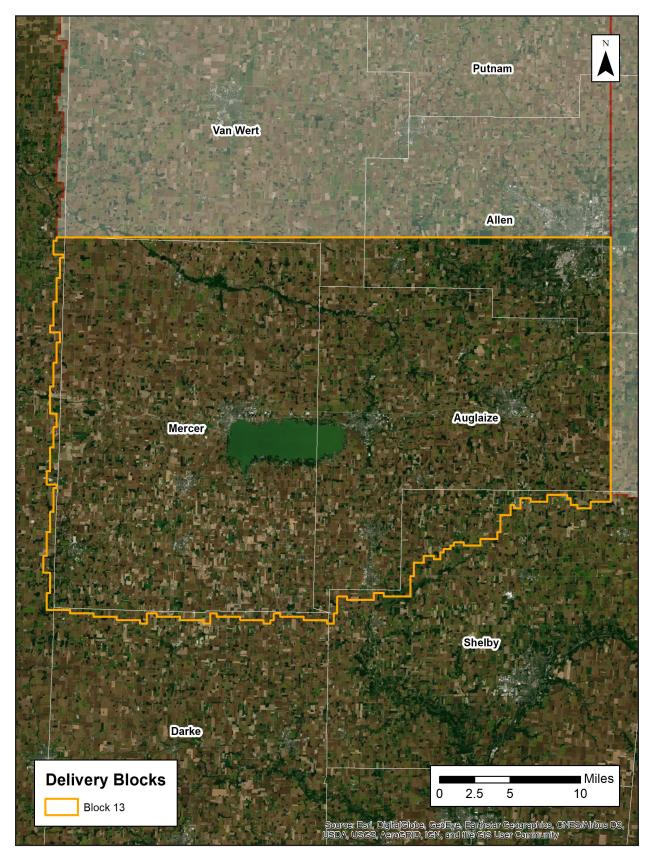
Table 1-2	Project Deliverables
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Lidar Data	
Classified lidar point cloud	Tiles in .las v1.4 format
data	Classes
	<ul> <li>1 – Processed, not Classified</li> </ul>
	• 2 – Ground
	• 7 – Noise
	<ul> <li>9 – Water</li> <li>17 – Bridge Decks</li> </ul>
	• 18 – High Noise
	• 20 – Ignored Ground
Breaklines used for hydro- flattening	<ul> <li>Lake and River features as feature classes in an Esri file geodatabase</li> <li>Water bodies greater than 2 acres as polygon features</li> <li>Rivers 30.5 meters / 100 feet and greater in width as polyline features</li> <li>Bridges used in DEM generation as point features in Esri shapefile</li> </ul>
	format
Hydro-flattened bare earth digital elevation model (DEM)	1.25-foot pixel size, 32-bit floating-point; no bridges or overpass structures GeoTIFF format
Intensity Imagery	1.25-foot pixel size, 8-bit gray-scale (linear rescaling from 16-bit intensity) GeoTIFF format
Flight Line Index	Polygon features in an Esri file geodatabase
Control Data	
Lidar calibration points	Esri shapefile format
Lidar NVA checkpoints	Esri shapefile format
Lidar VVA checkpoints	Esri shapefile format
Other Data	
Tile Index	Esri shapefile format
Inter-Swath and Intra- Swath Test Results	Esri shapefile format
Metadata and Reports	
Metadata	Deliverable-level FGDC CSDGM/USGS MetaParser Compliant metadata in .xml format
Lidar Project Report	Project report with flight logs in .pdf format
Survey Report	Survey report in .pdf format

#### Figure 1-1. Project Area



#### Figure 1-2. Project Area - Lot Block 13



# 2. Acquisition

# Flight Planning

Aerial lidar data for this project was collected using the specifications listed below.

#### Table 2-1. Acquisition Requirements

Specification	Target
Resolution	8 points per square meter 0.35-meter nominal point spacing
Overlap	At contractor's discretion, but enough to ensure there are no data gaps between usable portions of the swath and nominal point density is achieved
Acquisition Window	Fall 2019 / Winter 2020 leaf-off window (through April 2020)
Data Voids	<ul> <li>Not allowed except</li> <li>Where caused by water bodies</li> <li>Where caused by areas of low near infra-red (NIR) reflectivity (i.e. asphalt or composition roofing)</li> <li>Where caused by lidar shadowing from buildings or other features</li> <li>Where appropriately filled-in by another swath</li> </ul>
Acquisition Conditions	<ul> <li>Cloud and fog-free between the aircraft and ground</li> <li>Ground is snow free</li> <li>Ground has no unusual flooding or inundation, except in cases where the goal of the collection is to map the inundation</li> <li>Preference of vegetation is leaf-off</li> <li>Time of day is not of concern</li> </ul>
Control	Airborne Global Positioning System (ABGPS) and Inertial Measurement Unit (IMU) data to be used along with differentially-corrected GPS ground control points.

#### Lidar Sensor Information

Aerial lidar data was acquired for this project using the Leica Terrain Mapper lidar sensor system. A total of 50 flight lines were collected for this project.

Table 2-2.	Leica	Terrain	Mappe	r Sensor Info	)
	20100				

Sensor Specifications		
Operating Altitude (m AGL)	300 - 5,500 at 10% reflective target	
Maximum Measurement Rate (kHz)	2,000	
Scan Angle	20 - 40	
Scan Width	Up to 70% of flight altitude	
Scan Frequency	Programmable up to 125 Hz (7,500 RPM), 250 scan lines per second	
Number of Returns	15	
Number of intensity measurements	15	
Pulse Mode(s)	Up to 35 pulses in air	
Laser Specifications		
Laser Beam Divergence	0.25 mrad (1/e)	
Laser Classification	Class 4 laser product	
Accuracy		
Range Resolution	< 1 cm RMS	
Elevation Accuracy	< 5 cm 1 σ	
Horizontal Accuracy	< 13 cm 1 σ	
Physical Specifications		
Size (cm), Weight (kg) • Scanner • Control Electronics	• 37 W x 68 L x 26 H cm, 47 kg • 45 W x 47 D x 25 H cm, 33 kg	
Operating Temperature <ul> <li>Scanner</li> <li>Control Electronics</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>0 - 40°C cabin-side temperature</li> <li>0 - 40°C</li> </ul>	
Flight Management	Leica FlightPro	
Power Consumption	922 W @ 22.0 – 30.3 VDC	

Source: Leica TerrainMapper Data Sheet

https://leica-geosystems.com/en-US/products/airborne-systems/topographic-lidar-sensors/leica-terrainmapper

## **GNSS and IMU Equipment**

Prior to mobilizing to the project site, flight crews coordinated with the necessary air traffic control personnel to ensure airspace access. Crews were on-site, operating a Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS) Base Station for the airborne GPS support.

Flight navigation during acquisition was performed using IGI CCNS (Computer Controlled Navigation System). The pilots are skilled at maintaining their planned trajectory, while holding the aircraft steady and level. If atmospheric conditions are such that the trajectory, ground speed, roll, pitch and/or heading cannot be properly maintained, the mission is aborted until suitable conditions occur.

Base stations were set by acquisition staff and was used to support the aerial data acquisition. See the table below for stations operated during acquisition.

Station Name	Latitude (DMS)	Longitude (DMS)	Ellipsoid Height L1 Phase Center (Meters)
GARF_CORS	41° 24' 56.78161"	81° 36' 53.60423"	354.314
GUST_CORS	41° 27' 45.87329"	80° 42' 58.24972"	283.272
KNTN_CORS	40° 37' 49.64021"	83° 36' 53.28035"	266.056
MTVR_CORS	40° 22' 56.57516"	82° 30' 38.38039"	286.605
OHAL_CORS	40° 46' 09.73944"	84° 06' 25.04574"	235.117
OHAS_CORS	41° 55' 30.22146"	80° 33' 03.84441"	181.661
OHDT_CORS	39° 45' 53.06211	84° 10' 50.33473"	196.642
OHHA_CORS	41° 02' 27.93405"	83° 40' 33.46888"	210.082
OHHU_CORS	41° 10' 36.35195"	82° 33' 40.91087°	254.565
OHLA_CORS	41° 43' 35.53476"	81° 17' 11.05630"	163.494
OHLC_CORS	41° 43' 16.40562"	83° 31' 34.58723"	151.929
OHMA_CORS	40° 36' 49.73829"	83° 04' 55.32889"	257.026
OHMN_CORS	41° 01' 24.70500"	80° 46' 21.63976"	328.747
OHMR_CORS	40° 32' 45.58334"	84° 37' 50.63693"	236.812
OHRI_CORS	40° 46' 05.33418"	82° 33' 38.35490"	365.49
OHSB_CORS	41° 38' 11.21597"	82° 49' 47.18063"	148.449
TIFF_CORS	41° 04' 29.89642"	84° 09' 01.41466"	211.729

#### Table 2-3. GNSS Base Stations

### Timeline

Lidar data for Lot 10 Block 13 was collected from November 5, 2019 through February 21, 2020. Acquisition specifications are listed in the table below. An initial quality control process was immediately performed on to review the data coverage, airborne GPS data, and trajectory solution.

For more information, see the Flight Logs in Appendix 1.

#### Table 2-4. Project Acquisition Specifications

Settings	Leica TerrainMapper QL1
Max. Number of Returns	15
Nominal Point Spacing	0.35 m
Nominal Point Density	8 ppsm
Flying Height Above Ground Level	2,000 m
Flight Speed	160 knots
Scan Angle	40°
Scan Rate Used	150 Hz
Pulse Rate Used	1,600 kHz
Multi-Pulse in Air	Enabled
Swath Width	1,456 m
Swath Overlap	25%

#### **Acquisition Quality Assurance**

Woolpert developed a quality assurance and validation plan to ensure the acquired lidar data meets the USGS Base Specification Version 1.3. For quality assurance purposes, the lidar data was processed immediately following acquisition to verify the coverage has appropriate density, distribution, and no unacceptable data voids. Accompanying GPS data was post processed using differential and Kalman filter algorithms to derive a best estimate of trajectory. The quality of the solution was verified to be consistent with the accuracy requirements of the task order. Any required re-flights were scheduled at the earliest opportunity.

The spatial distribution of the geometrically usable first return lidar points was reviewed for density requirements as well as regular and uniform point distribution - verifying the lidar data is spaced so that 90% of the cells in a 2\*NPS grid placed over the data contain at least one lidar point. The NPS assessment is made against single swath, first return data located within the geometrically usable center portion (typically ~90%) of each swath. Additionally, the data was reviewed for unacceptable data voids – verifying no area greater than or equal to  $(4 \times ANPS)^2$  exhibited data coverage gaps.

# 3. Processing

### **Processing Summary**

Once the lidar data passed initial QC, the dataset was corrected for aircraft orientation and movement. This process used airborne inertial, orientation, and GPS data collected during acquisition along with ground-based GPS data. The data went through a geometric calibration that further corrected each laser point. This calibrated data set was used to create the LAS point cloud. The LAS point data was initially classified into "ground" and "non-ground", then further refined using the classes specified in this task order. Breaklines were drawn to denote hydrological features. After the hydro-flattening process, the final deliverables products were created.

### **GNSS-IMU Trajectory Processing**

Kinematic corrections for the aircraft position were resolved using aircraft GPS and static ground GPS (1-Hz) for each geodetic control (base station) for three subsystems: inertial measurement unit (IMU), sensor orientation information, and airborne GPS data.

Post-processing of the IMU system data and aircraft position with attitude data was completed to compute an optimally accurate, blended navigation solution based on Kalman filtering technology, or the smoothed best estimate of trajectory (SBET).

Software: POSPac Software v. 5.3, IPAS Pro v.1.35., Novatel Inertial Explorer v8.60.6129

#### **Trajectory Quality**

The GNSS trajectory and high-quality IMU data are key factors in determining the overall positional accuracy of the final sensor data. Within the trajectory processing, there are many factors that affect the overall quality, but the most indicative are the combined separation, the estimated positional accuracy, and the positional dilution of precision (PDOP).

#### **Combination Separation**

Combined separation is a measure of the difference between the forward-run and the backward-run solution of the trajectory. The Kalman filter was processed in both directions to remove the combined directional anomalies. In general, when these two solutions match closely, an optimally accurate and reliable solution is achieved.

The data for this task order was processed with a goal to maintain a combined separation difference of less than ten (10) centimeters.

#### **Estimated Positional Accuracy**

Estimated positional accuracy plots the standard deviations of the east, north, and vertical directions along a time scale of the trajectory. It illustrates loss of satellite lock issues, as well as issues arising from long baselines, noise, and/or other atmospheric interference.

#### PDOP

The PDOP measures the precision of the GPS solution in regard to the geometry of the satellites acquired and used for the solution.

The data for this task order was processed with a goal to maintain an average PDOP value below 3.0. Brief periods of PDOP over 3.0 are acceptable due to the calibration and control process if other metrics are within specification.

### **Geometric Calibration**

After the initial phase was complete, a formal reduction process was performed on the data. Laser point position was calculated by associating the SBET position to each laser point return time, scan angle, intensity, etc. Raw laser point cloud data was created for the whole project area in LAS format. Automated line-to-line calibrations were then performed for system attitude parameters (pitch, roll, heading), mirror flex (scale) and GPS/IMU drift. Statistical reports were generated for comparison and used to make the necessary adjustments to remove any residual systematic error.

Software: Proprietary Software, TerraMatch v20, Leica CloudPro 1.2.4

#### Lidar Data Classification

LAS data was classified as ground and non-ground points with additional filters created to meet the task order classification specifications. Statistical absolute accuracy was assessed via direct comparisons of ground classified points to ground RTK survey data. Based on the statistical analysis, the lidar data was then adjusted to reduce the vertical bias when compared to the survey ground control of higher accuracy.

Calibrated LAS files were imported into the task order tiles and initially filtered to create a ground and non-ground class. Then additional classes were filtered as necessary to meet the following client-specified classes:

- Class 1 Default / Processed, but not Classified
- Class 2 Bare Earth Ground
- Class 7 Low Noise
- Class 9 Water
- Class 17 Bridge Decks
- Class 18 High Noise
- Class 20 Ignored Ground

Classified LAS files were evaluated through a series of manual QA/QC steps as well as a peer-based review to eliminate remaining artifacts from the ground class. This included a review of the DEM surface to remove artifacts and ensure topographic quality.

Software: Proprietary Software, TerraScan v20

## Hydrologic Flattening

The lidar task order required compilation of breaklines defining the following types of water body features:

Lakes, reservoirs, ponds	Minimum of 2-acres or greater
	Compiled as closed polygons, collected at a constant elevation
Rivers, streams	Nominal width of 30.5 meters / 100 feet
	Compiled in direction of flow, with both sides maintaining an equal elevation gradient
Bridge breaklines	Breaklines used to enforce a logical terrain surface below a bridge

Woolpert utilized the following steps to hydrologically flatten the water bodies and for gradient hydrologic flattening of the double line streams within the existing lidar data:

- 1. The newly acquired lidar data was utilized to manually compile the hydrologic features in a 2D environment using the lidar intensity and bare earth surface. Open Source imagery was used as reference when necessary.
- 2. An integrated software approach was applied to combine the lidar data and 2D breaklines. This process "drapes" the 2D breaklines onto the 3D lidar surface model to assign an elevation. A monotonic process is performed to ensure the streams are consistently flowing in a gradient manner. A secondary step within the program verifies an equally matching elevation of both stream edges. The breaklines that characterize the closed water bodies are draped onto the 3D lidar surface and assigned a constant elevation at or just below ground elevation.
- 3. All classified ground points from inside the hydrologic feature polygons were reclassified to water, class nine (9).
- 4. All classified ground points were reclassified from within a buffer along the hydrologic feature breaklines to buffered ground, class twenty (20). The buffer distance was approximately the task order designed nominal pulse spacing distance.
- 5. Breaklines used for bridge removal during the hydrologic flattening were included with the hydrologic breakline geodatabase deliverable. The purpose of these breaklines is for a more aesthetically pleasing DEM appearance.
- 6. The lidar ground points and breaklines were used to generate a digital elevation model (DEM).
- QA/QC for this task was performed by reviewing the hydrologically flattened DEM and hydrologic breakline features. Additionally, a combined approach utilizing commercial off the shelf software and proprietary methods were used to review the overall connectivity of the hydrologic breaklines.

TerraScan was used to add the hydrologic breakline vertices and export the lattice models.

Breaklines defining the water bodies greater than 2-acres were provided as polygon features. Rivers and streams with a nominal minimum width of 30.5 meters (100 feet) were provided as polyline features. All lake and river breaklines compiled as part of the flattening process were provided in an Esri file geodatabase.

Breaklines used for DEM generation were provided as point features in Esri shapefile format.

Software: TerraScan v20, TerraModeler v20, Esri ArcMap v10.7, LP360 v2019.1.30.4

#### **Digital Elevation Model**

TerraScan was used to add the hydrologic breakline vertices and export the lattice models. Class 2 (ground) lidar points in conjunction with the hydro breaklines and bridge breaklines were used to create 1.25-foot hydro-flattened bare-earth raster DEM files. Using automated scripting routines within ArcMap, an 32-bit floating point raster GeoTIFF file was created for each tile. Files were produced to the full extent of the tile boundaries. Each surface is reviewed using Global Mapper to check for any surface anomalies or incorrect elevations found within the surface.

Software: TerraScan v20, Esri ArcMap v10.7, Global Mapper v20.0

#### **Intensity Imagery**

Lidar intensity data derived from the acquired lidar data was linearly rescaled from 16-bit intensity and provided as 1.25-foot pixel, 8-bit, 256 gray scale GeoTIFF format intensity imagery files. Files were produced to the full extent of the tile boundaries.

Software: TerraScan v20, Esri ArcMap v10.7

#### Metadata

FGDC CSDGM/USGS MetaParser-compliant metadata was produced in XML format. The metadata includes a complete description of the task order client information, contractor information, project purpose, lidar acquisition and ground survey collection parameters, lidar acquisition and ground survey collection dates, spatial reference system information, data processing including acquisition quality assurance procedures, GPS and base station processing, geometric calibration, lidar classification, hydrologic flattening, intensity imagery development, and final product development.

Other metadata deliverables included Esri shapefiles of the ground control and QA/QC points, data extent, and delivery tile index. A georeferenced, polygonal representation of the detailed extents of each acquired lidar swath was produced as a polygon feature class in an Esri file geodatabase.

# 4. Accuracy Assessment

## Horizontal Accuracy

The data sets was produced to meet ASPRS "Positional Accuracy Standards for Digital Geospatial Data" (2014) for a Positional Horizontal Accuracy = +/- 36.4 cm at a 95% confidence level.

### Raw Lidar Swath Testing

This project required the lidar point cloud swath to be produced to meet a Non-Vegetated Vertical Accuracy (NVA) value of 19.6 cm at a 95% confidence level using an RMSEz target value of 10 cm x 1.9600.

## **Digital Elevation Model Testing**

This project required DEM data to be produced to meet a Non-Vegetated Vertical Accuracy (NVA) value of 19.6 cm at a 95% confidence level using an RMSEz target value of 10 cm x 1.9600 and a Vegetated Vertical Accuracy (VVA) value of 0.30 cm at the 95th percentile error.

# Appendix 1: Flight Logs

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47	v	V	18:11:00	18:33		00:20:		18	3	1.2								
48	e	<u>;</u>	18:33:00	18:50		00:17:		19		1.2								
49	v		18:55:00				00	21		1.1								
50	e		19:16:00	19:3		00:15:		21		1.1								
51 52	V		19:34:00 19:55:00	19:52 20:10		00:18:		21 25		1.3 1.1								
53	e v		20:14:00					22		1.1								
54	e		20:34:00				00:17:00 00:13:00		2	1.2								
55	v		20:50:00	21:04		00:14:00		24	1	1.1								
56	e	<u>,</u>	21:07:00	21:18	3:00	00:11:00		21	L	1.2								
57	v	v	21:22:00	21:3	5:00	00:13:	00	22	2	1.1								
58	e	<u>;</u>	21:38:00	21:49	9:00	00:11:	00	24	1	1								
							_											
								Page 1	1		V	erifv ۹	-Turns	After	Missin	n	Yes	
Additional C	òmme	nts							_		1 *							
Block 2																		

				No	olp	ert	Lid	ar A	٩cc	uisit	io	n L	og						
				Pro	ject l	nfo									[	Date			
Project #			Project	Name	;				U	nique ID			Flight	t Date (	(UTC)	Day o	f Year	Flight #	
79574		Ohio	o Statewide P	hase 1	2019	B19		C	ay31	319_SN51	.3_1		11/09/2019			31	13	1	
Cr	ew				Equip	ment							Time				Ai	rports	
Pi	lot		Air	craft I	Make ,	/ Mode	el / Tai	il #		Hobbs	s Sta	rt	Local	Start	UTC	Start	De	parting	
Geb	hart		(	Cessna	404 T	ïtan - N	17079F	:		243	39.2		10:3	5:00	15:3	5:00		day	
Ope	rator		Ser	nsor M	ake /	Model	/ Seria	al #		Hobb	s En	d	Loca	l End	UTC	End	Α	rriving	
	nith				-	Ларрег				244	15.3		04:4	3:00	21:4	3:00	day		
								Conditi	ions										
Wind Dir	(°)	Wind	Speed (kts)	Visi	bility	(mi)	Ceilin			oud Cover		Temp	o. (°C)	Dew	/ Point	(°C)	Press	ure ("Hg)	
								.8 ()		cattered	-	(			-6			3016	
	190 12 1 Air Speed (kts) Altitude AGL (ft)						itudo	MSL (f	-	Airfield	Flov				0			5010	
	50	· <b>/</b>	6,8	•	U,			1 <b>113L (1</b> 359	<b>.</b> ,	Aimeiu	1,00		(10)						
T	50		0,0	90			7,5		-		1,00	19			_	_	_		
	n (m-)	Deli	t Donalta /	ana)	<u> </u>			Settin	-	• <b>F</b> ue		11-1	D!-	D-t-	(141-)	1 -	or P -	(0/)	
Point Spaci	ıg (m)	Poin	t Density (pp	osm)	Sca	in Angl		()	Sca	n Frequen	icy (I	HZ)	Pulse	e Rate	(KHZ)	Las		wer (%)	
0.35		_	8		_	4(	)	_	_	150	_			1700			10		
						_				_		Ve	rify S-1	Turns E	Before	Missi	on	Yes	
Line #	Direo	tion	Start Time (UTC)	End T (UT		Tin On-L	-	Sate	llite	PDOP				Line N	otes/0	Commo	ents		
59	v	V	17:37:00	17:4		00:12		18	3	1.2	2		clds e.end,maybe w end						
60	e	<u>;</u>	17:51:00	18:0		00:09:00		17		1.5									
61		w 18:03:00		18:14:00 18:26:00		00:11:00		21		1.1	_				clds wp 21 louds wp 6,5				
62	e		18:17:00			00:09:00		21		1.2	_			Cl	ouds v	vp 6,5			
63 64	v e		18:29:00 18:42:00	18:3 18:5		00:10:00		21 21		1.2 1.2	+								
65	v		18:53:00	19:0		00:08:00		22		1.2	+								
66	e		19:05:00	19:1				24		1.1									
39	v	v	19:22:00	19:4		00:19		21	L	1.4									
38	e	è	19:44:00	20:0	1:00	00:17	7:00	24	1	1.1									
37	v	v	20:03:00	20:2	2:00	00:19	9:00	23	3	1.2									
36	e		20:24:00	20:4		00:10		23		1.3	$\rightarrow$								
35	v		20:43:00	21:0		00:18		24		1.1	$\rightarrow$								
34	e	2	21:04:00	21:2	1:00	00:17	7:00	22	2	1.2									
											$\downarrow$								
											+								
											$\downarrow$								
								Page	1			14	arify S	-Turns	∆fter	Missio	n	Yes	
Additional C	Comme	nts						rage	• 			~	5-11y 3-	101115	AILEI	14113310		103	
Block 2																			

				No	olp	ert	Lid	ar A	Acc	luisi	tic	n L	og						
				Pro	ject l	nfo									[	Date			
Project #			Project	Name	;				U	nique ID	)		Flight	t Date (	(UTC)	Day o	f Year	Flight #	
79574		Ohio	o Statewide P	hase 1	2019	B19		Day32119_SN511_1					11	/17/20	19	32	21	1	
Cr	ew				Equip	oment							Time				Ai	rports	
Pi	lot		Air	craft N	Make ,	/ Mode	el / Tai	il #		Hob	bs St	art	Local	Start	UTC	Start	De	parting	
Geb	hart		(	Cessna	404 T	ïtan - N	404CF	>		74	435.6	5	11:20:00 16:20:00 day						
Ope	rator		Ser	sor M	or Make / Model / Serial #						bs E	nd	Loca	l End	UTC	End	,		
•	nith		Le	ica Ter	rain N	/apper	- 905:	11		74	440.6	5	04:1	7:00	21:1	7:00			
	-				rrain Mapper - 90511 7440.6 Conditions							•	-						
Wind Dir	· (°)	Wind	Speed (kts)	bility	(mi)		ng (ft)		oud Cove	er	Tem	o. (°C)	Dew	/ Point	(°C)	Press	ure ("Hg)		
	130 4 1							-0 (7		cattered			2		-4	( -/		3010	
	Air Speed (kts) Altitude AGL (ft)							MSL (f	-			evation			·			5010	
	60	· <b>/</b>	6,8		•,			359	<b>c</b> y	Airtic		009	. (,						
1			0,0	50			7,5	Settin	are		1,0			_	_	_	-	_	
Point Spaciı	ng (m)	Poin	t Density (pp	nem)	500	an Angl	a/EOV		-	n Freque	ancy	(H-)	Dulce	Rate	(65-)	Lar	or Por	wer (%)	
0.35	ıб (III)	FUIN	8	,5111)	368	an Angi 4		, , ,	JLd	150		(112)	Puise	1700	(172)	LdS	10 10		
0.35			8			4	5			150	)	Ve			2060-00	Missi	-	-	
			Chart T'	F 1 -								ve	iiiy 3-	Turns E	seiore	IVIISSI		Yes	
Line #	Dire	tion	Start Time (UTC)	End 1 (U1		Tin On-l	ine	Sate	llite	PDO	Ρ			Line N	otes/0	Comm	ents		
62	v		17:00:00	17:0		00:02		17		1.4					refl				
61	V		17:09:00	17:1		00:04:00 19 00:05:00 17			-	1.2			reflt reflt						
60	V		17:18:00					17		1.5						reflt			
59 46			17:26:00 17:40:00	17:5		00:10:00 00:12:00		17		1.6 1.1					refl				
40	e v		17:55:00	18:1		00:1		22		1.1					refl				
45	v		18:16:00		18:23:00		00:07:00		22						refl				
44	v	v	18:28:00	18:3	4:00	00:0	6:00	21		1.1					refl				
42	e	ć	18:38:00	18:5	4:00				Ð	1.1					refl	t			
39	v	v	18:56:00	19:1		00:1			19										
38		5	19:16:00	19:3		00:17:00			25		1.1								
37 36	V		19:35:00 19:56:00	19:5 20:1		00:1		23		1.3									
30	v	2	20:15:00	20:1		00:1		25 22		1.2 1.3									
34	e v		20:35:00	20:5		00:1		23		1.5									
								Page	1			V	erify S-	-Turns	After	Missio	n	Yes	
Additional ( Block 2	Comme	ents																	

				Noo	lpert	t Lid	ar A	\cc	uisitio	on L	og						
				Proje	ct Info								[	Date			
Project #			Project	Name				U	nique ID		Flight	Date	(UTC)	Day o	f Year	Flight #	
79574		Ohio	Statewide F	hase 1 20	019 B19		Day32219_SN511_1					/18/20	19	32	22	1	
Cre	ew			Eq	uipmen	t					Time				Ai	irports	
Pi	lot		Aiı	rcraft Ma	ke / Moo	del / Tai	il #		Hobbs S	tart	Local	Start	UTC	Start	De	parting	
Geb	hart		(	N404C	D C		7441		10:41:00 15:41:00 day								
Ope	rator		Ser	sor Make	e / Mode	el / Seria	al #	Hobbs E	ind	Loca	l End	UTC	End	Α	rriving		
Sm	nith		Le	ica Terrai	in Mappe	er - 905	11		7447		04:3	4:00	21:3	4:00		day	
							Conditi	ons									
Wind Dir	· (°)	Wind	Speed (kts)	Visibili	ity (mi)	Ceilir	ng (ft)	Clo	oud Cover	Temp	o. (°C)	Dew	Point	(°C)	Pres	sure ("Hg	
270									cattered		5		-1	. ,		2980	
Air Spe	ed (kts)		Altitude	AGL (ft)		Altitude	MSL (f	t)	Airfield El	evatior	n (ft)						
•	50		6,8				359	-,		009	. (,						
	- •		0,0			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Settin	gs	,								
Point Spacir	1g (m)	Poin	t Density (pr	sm)	Scan An			-	n Frequency	(H <sub>7</sub> )	Pules	Rate	(kH7)	1 20	er Po	wer (%)	
0.35	15 (III)	rom	8	,311)		40	, , ,	Jud	150	(114)	ruise	1700	(112)	Las	10		
0.35			0			40			130	Va		Turns E	Poforo	Missie		-	
		-	Chaut Times	E. J. The				_		ve	rity 5-		belore	IVIISSI	חכ	Yes	
Line #	Direct	ion	Start Time (UTC)	End Tim (UTC)		ime -Line	Satel	lite	PDOP	Line Notes/Comments							
31	w		16:06:00	16:23:0		17:00	21		1.2		blk 2						
30	e		16:26:00	16:43:0		17:00	21 19		1.1								
29	W		16:46:00	17:03:0		00:17:00			1.3								
28 27	e w		17:06:00 17:25:00			00:16:00		)	1.2 1.4								
27	e w		17:45:00			D:17:00 2 D:16:00 2		-	1.4								
25	w		18:04:00	18:21:0		17:00	20	-	1.4								
24	e		18:24:00	18:40:0		16:00	20		1.3								
23	w		18:43:00	19:01:0	0 00:	00:18:00		)	1.6								
22	e		19:04:00	19:20:0	0 00:	16:00	22	2	1.1								
21	w		19:23:00	19:40:0		17:00	20	)	1.1				lds wp				
58	e		19:55:00	20:09:0		14:00	21		1	<u> </u>				мр 18,	19		
57 56	W		20:12:00 20:26:00	20:24:0 20:39:0		12:00 13:00	19 18		1.1 1.2				clds wp clds wp				
55	e w		20:28:00	20:39:0		12:00	21		1.2				lds wp				
							Page 2	1			erifv S-	-Turns	After	Missio		Yes	
<b>Additional C</b> Blocks 2, 1	Commen	its					<u> </u>									•	

			١	Woo	lper	t Lid	ar A	Acq	uisitio	n Lo	og								
				Proje	ect Info								D	Date					
Project #			Project	Name				U	nique ID		Flight	Date	(UTC)	Day of	f Year	Flight #			
79574		Ohi	o Statewide P	hase 1 2	019 B19			Day0	52_90511_1		02,	/21/20	20	05	52	1			
Cr	ew			E	quipmen	t					Time				Ai	ports			
Pi	lot		Ai	rcraft M	ake / Mo	del / Tai	#		Hobbs S	tart	Local	Start	UTC S	Start	De	parting			
Fi	nn			Cessna 4	04 Titan -	N404CF	)		7562		10:4	5:00	15:45	45:00 KDAY					
Ope	rator		Sei	nsor Mal	ke / Mod	el / Seria	al #		Hobbs E	nd	Loca	al End UTC		End Aı		riving			
Nar	done		Le	eica Terra	ain Mapp	7566.	2	02:1	0:00	19:10	0:00	К	MGY						
Wind Dir	· (°)	Wind	Speed (kts)	Visibi	lity (mi)	Ceilir	ng (ft)	Clo	oud Cover	Tem	o. (°C)	Dew	Point	(°C)	Press	ure ("Hg			
3	3 4				10				Clear	-	6		-1			30.6			
Air Spe	Air Speed (kts) Altitude AGL (					Altitude	MSL (f	t)	Airfield El	evatior	n (ft)								
-	60		6,5				.49			87									
			,				Settin	gs											
Point Spaci	ng (m)	Poir	nt Density (pp	sm)	Scan An			-	n Frequency	(Hz)	Pulse	Rate	(kHz)	Las	er Pov	ver (%)			
	2. ,		8			40	.,		150			1600	. ,		100				
										Ve	erify S-1	Furns E	Before	Missic	on				
Line #	Direc	tion	Start Time (UTC)	End Tir (UTC		'ime n-Line	Sate	llite	PDOP				otes/C						
71	v	V	16:09:00	16:27:		:18:00	2	3	1.3										
72	E		16:30:00	16:48:		:18:00	2	3	1.4										
73	V	V	16:51:00	17:09:				4	1.2										
74	E		17:12:00	17:30:				5	1										
75	V	V	17:32:00	17:50:	00 00	00:18:00		5	1.1	<u> </u>									
32	E		17:58:00	18:15:	00 00	00:17:00		4	1.2										
33	V		18:18:00	18:36:		:17:00	2		1.2										
										<u> </u>									
										<u> </u>									
							Page	2		V	erify S-	Turns	After N	Vissio	n				
Additional C Block 1	ommei	nts				_	_				_		_			_			