

# **LiDAR Quality Assessment Report**

The USGS National Geospatial Technical Operations Center, Data Operations Branch is responsible for conducting reviews of all Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) point-cloud data and derived products delivered by a data supplier before it is approved for inclusion in the National Elevation Dataset and the Center for LiDAR Information Coordination and Knowledge. The USGS recognizes the complexity of LiDAR collection and processing performed by the data suppliers and has developed this Quality Assessment (QA) procedure to accommodate USGS collection and processing specifications with flexibility. The goal of this process is to assure LiDAR data are of sufficient quality for database population and scientific analysis. Concerns regarding the assessment of these data should be directed to the Chief, Data Operations Branch, 1400 Independence Road, Rolla, Missouri 65401 or NGTOCoperations@usgs.gov.

Materials Received:	Project Type: NSDI Agreement
7/24/2012	Troject Type:
	Project Description:
Project ID:	
IN_Statewide-PulaskiCo_2011	
Project Alias(es):	Year of Collection: 2011
Indiana Central Tier	
Lot 1 of 1 lots.	
Project Extent:	

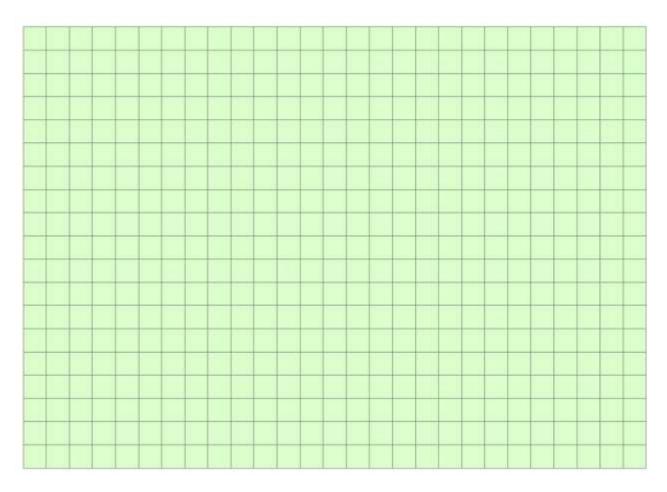
4

✓ Project Extent image?



Project Tiling Scheme:

✓ Project Tiling Scheme image?



Contractor:	Applicable Specification:
Woolpert, Inc.	V12, FEMA

## Licensing Restrictions:

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☐ Third Party Performed QA?

Project Points of Contact:

POC Name	Туре	Primary Phone	E-Mail
David Nail	NSDI Liaison	317-600-2722	dnail@usgs.gov

## **Project Deliverables**

All project deliverables must be supplied according to collection and processing specifications. The USGS will postpone the QA process when any of the required deliverables are missing. When deliverables are missing, the Contracting Officer Technical Representative (COTR) will be contacted by the Elevation/Orthoimagery Section supervisor and informed of the problem. Processing will resume after the COTR has coordinated the deposition of remaining deliverables.

- ✓ Collection Report
- ✓ Survey Report
- Processing Report
- ☑ QA/QC Report
- Control and Calibration Points
- ✓ Project Shapefile/Geodatabase
- ▼ Control Point Shapefile/Gdb
- ▼ Breakline Shapefile/Gdb
- ☐ Project XML Metadata

#### Multi-File Deliverables

File Type	Quantity
✓ Swath LAS Files ✓ Required? ☐ XML Metadata?	see below
☐ Intensity Image Files ☐ Required?	
▼ Tiled LAS Files ▼ Required? ▼ XML Metadata?	513
☑ Breakline Files ☑ Required? ☑ XML Metadata?	2
☑ Bare-Earth DEM Files ☑ Required? ☑ XML Metadata?	513

Additional Deliverables

Errors, Anomalies, Other Issues to document? • Yes O No

"Scope of Services" report references USGS NGP Base LiDAR Specification, version 12 which lists swath las files as a required deliverable, and the "Airborne LiDAR Report" included las v1.2 raw unclassified point cloud as a final deliverable, however no swath las files were delivered to reviewer at NGTOC. Reviewer at NGTOC contacted David Nail on 9/28/12 and again on 12/11/12 requesting delivery of swath las files. Swath files received by reviewer at NGTOC on 1/28/13. Not consistently projected, corrections requested 2/11/13. Corrected swath las files received at NGTOC on 4/2/13. Swath not organized by county, all Indiana Central Tier swath will be delivered to EROS at once as pre-approved my Michael Steuck on 2/5/13. Multiple issues with swath las file headers, additional swath corrections requested 4/17/13, on 8/8/13 reviewer was notified that no corrections will be delivered to NGTOC. Please see swath las review section below for additional details.

"Airborne LiDAR Report" lists independent control points used to test vertical accuracy in shapefile format as a required deliverable, however, no control points were delivered to reviewer at NGTOC. Reviewer at NGTOC contacted David Nail on 9/28/12 and again on 12/11/12 requesting delivery of control point shapefile. All available checkpoints received 3/18/13.

No project level xml metadata delivered to reviewer at NGTOC. Reviewer read all delivered xml metadata files and determined the best use xml metadata. Reviewer at NGTOC renamed the file BESTUSE.XML and copied it to the Metadata-Documents folder.

The delivered "Airborne LiDAR Task Order Report" lists the dates of acquisition on pages 2-8 and 2-9. Woolpert reported the last date of acquisition as April 20, 2011. The xml metadata delivered with the project lists the dates of acquisition with the last date of acquisition as April 30, 2011. The reviewer contacted NSDI Liaison David Nail on 09/27/2012 requesting the correct dates of acquisition. On 10/24/2012 James Sparks replied that the correct dates are in the metadata, there was a typo in the report. The correct dates of acquisition are 03/13/2011-04/30/2011.

# **Project Geographic Information**

Areal Extent:		
460		
<u>Sq Mi</u>		
Grid Size:		
5		
U.S. Feet		
Tile Size:		
5000x5000		
U.S. feet		
Nominal Pulse Spacing:		

1.5	
meters  Vertical Datum: NAVD88 U.S. feet  Horizontal Datum: NAD83 U.S. feet	
Project Projection/Coordinate Reference Syste	m: Indiana State Plane West (1302) U.S. feet.
This Projection Coordinate Reference System i	is consistent across the following deliverables:
✓ Project Shapefile/Geodatabase	▼ Breaklines XML Metadata File
☑ Project Tiling Scheme Shapefile/Gdb	■ Bare-Earth DEM XML Metadata File
	☐ Swath LAS Files
☐ Project XML Metadata File	Classified LAS Files
☐ Swath LAS XML Metadata File	
□ Classified LAS XML Metadata File	Bare-Earth DEM Files
Project XML Metadata CRS	
No project level xml metadata delivered t	o reviewer at NGTOC.
Swath LAS XML Metadata CRS	
No swath las xml metadata delivered to r	eviewer at NGTOC.
Swath LAS Files CRS	
Swath las delivered in WGS84 UTM 16N	

## **Review Cycle**

This section documents who performed the QA Review on a project as well as when QA reviews were started, actions passed, received, and completed.

Reviewer:	Review Start Date:
H. Boggs	11/19/2012

Action to Contractor Date	Issue Description	Return Date
11/19/2012	Requested delivery of checkpoint shapefile used to test and report vertical accuracy.	2/11/2013
2/11/2013	Corrections required. Swath las not consistently projected.	4/2/2013
4/25/2013	Corrections requested for swath las, classified las, and DEMs.	8/8/2013
9/11/2013	Multiple corrections performed at NGTOC.	12/18/2013

Review Complete: 12/19/2013

### Metadata Review

Provided metadata files have been parsed using 'mp' metadata parser. Any errors generated by the parser are documented below for reference and/or corrective action.

The Project XML Metadata file parsed with errors.

No project xml metadata file delivered to reviewer at NGTOC. Reviewer read all delivered xml metadata files and determined the best use xml metadata. Reviewer at NGTOC renamed the file BESTUSE.XML and copied it to the Metadata-Documents folder.

The Classified LAS XML Metadata file parsed withouterrors.

The Breakline XML Metadata file parsed withouterrors.

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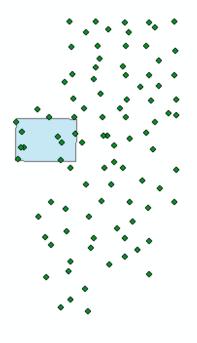
## **Project QA/QC Report Review**

ASPRS recommends that checkpoint surveys be used to verify the vertical accuracy of LiDAR data sets. Checkpoints are to be collected by an independent survey firm licensed in the particular state(s) where the project is located. While subjective, checkpoints should be well distributed throughout the dataset. National Standards for Spatial Data Accuracy (NSSDA) guidance states that checkpoints may be distributed more densely in the vicinity of important features and more sparsely in areas that are of little or no interest. Checkpoints should be distributed so that points are spaced at intervals of at least ten percent of the diagonal distance across the dataset and at least twenty percent of the points are located in each quadrant of the dataset.

NSSDA and ASPRS require that a minimum of twenty checkpoints (thirty is preferred) are collected for each major land cover category represented in the LiDAR data. Checkpoints should be selected on flat terrain, or on uniformly sloping terrain in all directions from each checkpoint. They should not be selected near severe breaks in slope, such as bridge abutments, edges of roads, or near river bluffs. Checkpoints are an important component of the USGS QA process. There is the presumption that the checkpoint surveys are error free and the discrepancies are attributable to the LiDAR dataset supplied.

For this dataset, USGS checked the spatial distribution of checkpoints with an emphasis on the bare-earth (open terrain) points; the number of points per class; the methodology used to collect these points; and the relationship between the data supplier and checkpoint collector. When independent control data are available, USGS has incorporated this into the analysis.

Checkpoint Shapefile or Geodatabase: Checkpoint Distribution Image?





The following land cover classes are represented in this dataset (uncheck any that do

not apply):
■ Bare Earth     ■ Bare Earth
▼ Tall Weeds and Crops
☐ Brush Lands and Low Trees
▼ Forested Areas Fully Covered by Trees
☐ Urban Areas with Dense Man-Made Structures
There are a minimum of 20 checkpoints for each land cover class represented. Points within each class are uniformly distributed throughout the dataset. USGS <u>was</u> able to locate independent checkpoints for this analysis. USGS <u>accepts</u> the quality of the checkpoint data for these LiDAR datasets.
Errors, Anomalies, Other Issues to document?   Yes  No
☐ Image?
"Airborne LiDAR Report" lists independent control points used to test vertical
accuracy in shapefile format as a required deliverable, however, no control points were delivered to reviewer at NGTOC. Reviewer at NGTOC contacted David Nail on 9/28/12 and again on 12/11/12 requesting delivery of control point shapefile. All available checkpoints delivered to NGTOC on 2/11/13, and 3/19/13.
☐ Image?
I Image:
Task Order requires that the data collected meet the NSSDA accuracy standards. The task order requires FVA and CVA assessment (but does not require SVA) and references USGS Base Spec v12. The reviewer has determined USGS Base Spec v12 does not mention CVA.
☐ Image?
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l	Variable and the LiDAD beautiful to the LiDAD
l	Vertical accuracy assessment was calculated by comparison of the LiDAR bare earth points to the ground surveyed QA/QC points. FVA of Pulaski County is reported to be
l	0.184 feet (5.6 cm).
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١	□ Image2
l	□ Image?
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l	The task order on page 2-5 reads, "Woolpert will not be using land use category test
l	areas. Woolpert will use 20 test points per LiDAR acquisition block." Pulaski
l	County is located in Block 1, there are 4 blocks comprising the central tier of Indiana flown in 2011. On page 2-6 of the task order, CVA testing requirements are detailed.
l	The reviewer has determined that CVA for the entire central tier of Indiana (including
l	multiple other counties) was calculated using FVA testing methodology (95%
l	confidence level), rather than CVA testing methodology at the 95th
l	percentile. Woolpert reported CVA as 0.393 feet vertical accuracy at the 95% confidence level.
	confidence level.
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	Accuracy values are reported in terms of Fundamental Vertical Accuracy (FVA),
	Supplemental Vertical Accuracy(s) (SVA), and Consolidated Vertical Accuracy (CVA).
1	Accuracy values are reported in: U.S. feet
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l	Required FVA Value is 0.98 U.S. feet or less.
l	Target SVA Value is N/A U.S. feet or less.
l	Required CVA Value is N/A U.S. feet or less.
1	Trogenieu evit value is of less!
٠	The reported FVA of the LAS Swath data is N/A U.S. feet.
	The reported FVA of the Bare-Earth DEM data is N/A U.S. feet.
	SVA are required for each land cover type present in the data set with the exception of
	pare-earth. SVA is calculated and reported as a 95th Percentile Error.
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Land Cover Type		SVA Value	Units
Tall Weeds and Crops			U.S. feet
Brush Lands and Low Trees			N/A
Forested Areas Fully Covered by Trees			U.S. feet
Urban Areas with Dense Man-Made Structu			N/A

The reported CVA of this data set is: **see above** U.S. feet.

## LAS Swath File Review

LAS swath files or raw unclassified LiDAR data are reviewed to assess the quality control used by the data supplier during collection. Furthermore, LAS swath data are checked for positional accuracy. The data supplier should have calculated the Fundamental Vertical Accuracy using ground control checkpoints measured in clear open terrain. The following was determined for LAS swath data for this project:

LAS Version  • LAS 1.2  • LAS 1.4
Swath File Characteristics  ✓ Separate folder for LAS swath files  ✓ Each swath files <= 2GB <a href="mailto:"> *If specified, *.wdp files for full waveform have been provided</a>
The reported FVA of the LAS swath data is N/A U.S. feet.
Based on this review, the USGS <u>accepts</u> the LAS swath file data.
Errors, Anomalies, Other Issues to document?
□ Image?
"Scane of Conviced" report references LISCS NCD Page LiDAD Specification version
"Scope of Services" report references USGS NGP Base LiDAR Specification, version 12 which lists swath las files as a required deliverable, and the "Airborne LiDAR Report" included las v1.2 raw unclassified point cloud as a final deliverable, however

no swath las files were delivered to reviewer at NGTOC. Reviewer at NGTOC contacted David Nail on 9/28/12 and again on 12/11/12 requesting delivery of swath las files.
□ Image?
Swath las files initially received by reviewer at NGTOC on 1/28/13, corrections requested 2/11/13 as many swath las files found to be missing projection information.
□ Image?
First correction cycle received by reviewer at NGTOC on 4/2/13.
□ Image?
Additional corrections requested 4/17/13 as many swath las files did not meet the
las specifications version 1.2 which is referenced in the USGS Base Specification draft v12. Prior to acceptance, all swath las files must be fully compliant LAS format
v1.2. Point source count field not properly populated, unique file source ID not assigned to each file, point source not set identical to file source prior to processing,
two delivered swath las files contain NO returns, two delivered swath las files did not contain projection information in their headers, a handful of swath las files
remain unprojected, and the system ID field is required yet many delivered swath las files did not contain any information regarding system ID. On 8/8/13 reviewer was notified that no corrections will be delivered to NGTOC. Accepted 12/19/13.
<u> </u>

### LAS Tile File Review

Classified LAS tile files are used to build digital terrain models using the points classified as ground. Therefore, it is important that the classified LAS are of sufficient quality to ensure that the derivative product accurately represents the landscape that was measured. The following was determined for classified LAS files for this project:

Classified	I AC Tile	Tila Ch	aracteristics
LISSSITIEG	IAS IIIA	FIIP ( r	naracteristics

- ☑ Separate folder for Classified LAS tile files
- Classified LAS tile files conform to Project Tiling Scheme
- ☑ Quantity of Classified LAS tile files conforms to Project Tiling Scheme
- ✓ Classified LAS tile files do not overlap
- Classified LAS tile files are uniform in size
- ☐ Classified LAS tile files have no points classified as '12'
- ☐ Point classifications are limited to the standard values listed below:

Code	Description
1	Processed, but unclassified
2	Bare-earth ground
7	Noise (low or high, manually identified, if needed)
9	Water
10	Ignored ground (breakline proximity)
11	Withheld (if the "Withheld" bit is not implemented in processing
	software)

☐ Buy up?

Based on this review, the USGS accepts the classified LAS tile file data.

Errors, Anomalies, Other Issues to document? • Yes O No

☐ Image?

Task order does not match "LiDAR Task Order Report" or delivered .las files regarding classification scheme. Task Order lists 1, 2, 7, 9, 10 and 13. LiDAR Task

Order Report lists 1, 2, 7, 9, 10, 12, and 13. The delivered classified las tiles include class 12 in the classification scheme. On 8/8/13 reviewer was notified that no corrections will be delivered to NGTOC. Accepted 12/19/13.

### Breakline File Review

Breaklines are vector feature classes that are used to hydro-flatten the bare earth Digital Elevation Models.

### Breakline File Characteristics

- ✓ Separate folder for breakline files
- ✓ All breaklines captured as PolylineZ or PolygonZ features
- ✓ No missing or misplaced breaklines

Based on this review, the USGS accepts the breakline files.

Errors, Anomalies, Other Issues to document? O Yes O No.

None.

## Bare-Earth DEM Tile File Review

The derived bare-earth DEM file receives a review of the vertical accuracies provided by the data supplier, vertical accuracies calculated by USGS using supplied and independent checkpoints, and a manual check of the appearance of the DEM layer.

Bare-Earth DEM files provided in the following format: Erdas Imagine \*.img

### Bare-Earth DEM Tile File Characteristics

- Separate folder for bare-earth DEM files
- ✓ DEM files conform to Project Tiling Scheme
- Quantity of DEM files conforms to Project Tiling Scheme
- ✓ DEM files do not overlap
- ✓ DEM files are uniform in size
- ✓ DEM files properly edge match

<b>~</b>	Independent	check	points a	re well	distributed
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All accuracy values reported in U.S. feet

**Reported Accuracies** 

Reported Accuracies		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·
Land Cover Category	# of Points	Fundamental Vertical Accuracy  @95% Confidence Interval (Accuracy <sub>z</sub> ) Required FVA =  0.98  or less.	Supplemental Vertical Accuracy @ 95th Percentile Error Target SVA = N/A or less.	Consolidated Vertical Accuracy @95th Percentile Error Required CVA = N/A or less.
Open Terrain	20	N/A		
Tall Weeds and Crops				
Brush Lands and Low Trees				
Forested Areas Fully Covered by Trees				
Urban Areas with Dense Man-Made Structures				
Consolidated	20			see above

## ✓ QA performed Accuracy Calculations?

Calculated Accuracies						
Land Cover Category	# of Points	Fundamental Vertical Accuracy  @95% Confidence Interval (Accuracy <sub>z</sub> ) Required FVA =  0.98 or less.	Supplemental Vertical Accuracy @95th Percentile Error Target SVA = N/A or less.	Consolidated Vertical Accuracy @95th Percentile Error Required CVA = N/A or less.		
Open Terrain	19	0.296				
Tall Weeds and Crops						
Brush Lands and Low Trees						
Forested Areas Fully Covered by Trees						
Urban Areas with Dense Man-Made Structures						
Consolidated	19					

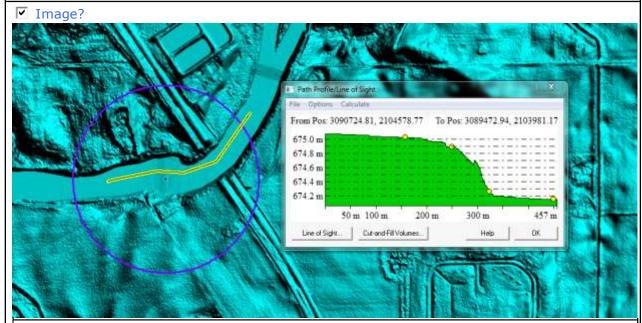


Based on this review, the USGS <u>recommends</u> the bare-earth DEM files for inclusion in the 1/3 Arc-Second National Elevation Dataset.

Based on this review, the USGS <u>accepts</u> the bare-earth DEM files.

Bare-Earth DEM Anomalies, Errors, Other Issues

Errors, Anomalies, Other Issues to document? • Yes O No



Reviewer found one example where a double-line stream does not maintain downhill gradient. Reviewer created a shapefile documenting the location of errors found in the delivered DEMs named errors.shp. Not corrected. Accepted 12/19/13.

Internal Note:		

This is the end of the report.

QA Form V1.4 120CT11.xsn