

LiDAR Quality Assessment Report

The USGS National Geospatial Technical Operations Center, Data Operations Branch is responsible for conducting reviews of all Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR) pointcloud data and derived products delivered by a data supplier before it is approved for inclusion in the National Elevation Dataset and the Center for LiDAR Information Coordination and Knowledge. The USGS recognizes the complexity of LiDAR collection and processing performed by the data suppliers and has developed this Quality Assessment (QA) procedure to accommodate USGS collection and processing specifications with flexibility. The goal of this process is to assure LiDAR data are of sufficient quality for database population and scientific analysis. Concerns regarding the assessment of these data should be directed to the Chief, Data Operations Branch, 1400 Independence Road, Rolla, Missouri 65401 or NGTOCoperations@usgs.gov.

Materials Received: 8/1/2012	Project Type: GPSC
	Project Type: GPSC Project Description: 1. This task order is for Planning, Acquisition, processing, and derivative products of lidar data to be collected at a nominal pulse spacing (NPS) of 1.0 meters. Specifications listed below are based on the "U.S. Geological Survey National Geospatial Program Base Lidar Specification, Version 13 (ILMF)", of which sections I through IV are incorporated by reference to this task order. This specification may be viewed at <u>http://lidar.cr.usgs.gov/USGS-NGP</u> Lidar Guidelines and Base <u>Specification v13(ILMF).pdf</u> . These lidar specifications are required baseline specifications. In addition to the requirements listed below, variations from the specifications will be shown and noted below. For any item which is not specifically addressed, the referenced Version 13 specifications will be the required specification authority. This task is for a high resolution data set of lidar of approximately 2,815 square miles in portions of
	Virginia, West Virginia, and

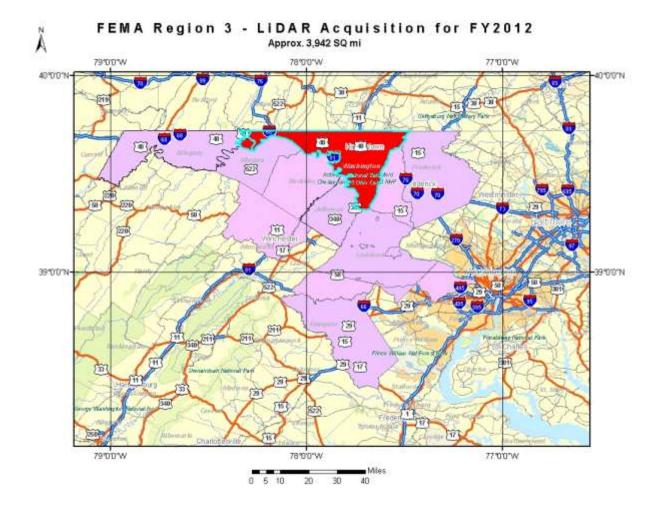
Maryland. The location and square miles are outlined in Attachment's A and B.

This task order is amended to include ALL of Frederick, Washington, and Allegany County MD, all of Morgan and Jefferson County, WV, and all of Fauquier and Loudoun County, VA at the same specifications outlined in this task order. This amendment would add an additional 1,127 sq mi bringing the task order total to 3,942 sq mi. Included in Attachment A, is an updated project diagram.

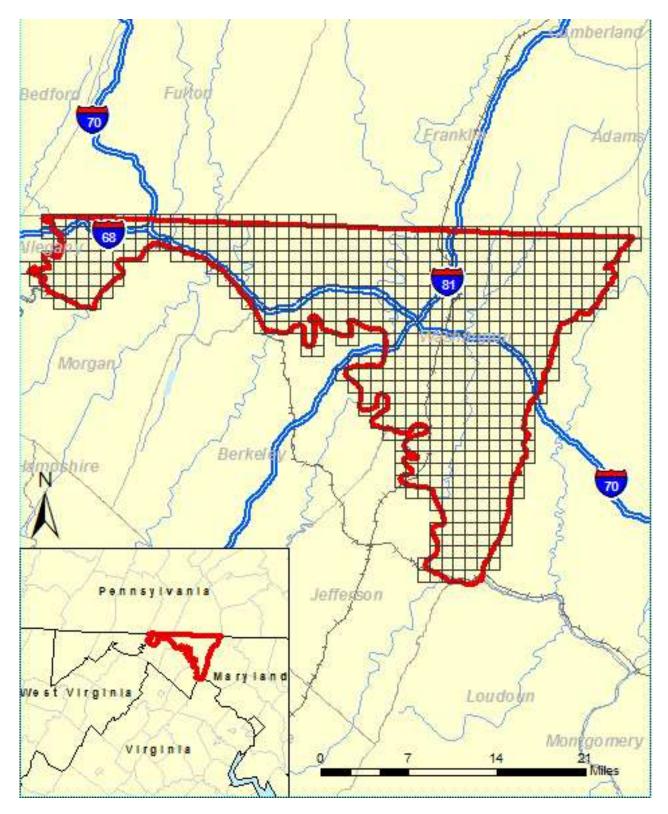
Year of Collection: January 31 - March 27, 2012

Lot 2 of 5 lots.

Project Extent: ☑ Project Extent image?



Project Tiling Scheme: ✓ Project Tiling Scheme image?



Contractor:	Applicable Specification:		
Dewberry	V13		

Licensing Restrictions:

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□ Third Party Performed QA?

Project Points of Contact:

POC Name	DC Name Type		E-Mail	
Pat Emmett	СРТ	573-308-3587	pemmett@usgs.gov	

Project Deliverables

All project deliverables must be supplied according to collection and processing specifications. The USGS will postpone the QA process when any of the required deliverables are missing. When deliverables are missing, the Contracting Officer Technical Representative (COTR) will be contacted by the Elevation/Orthoimagery Section supervisor and informed of the problem. Processing will resume after the COTR has coordinated the deposition of remaining deliverables.

- Collection Report
- Survey Report
- ✓ Processing Report
- ☑ QA/QC Report
- Control and Calibration Points
- Project Shapefile/Geodatabase
- ✓ Project Tiling Scheme Shapefile/Gdb
- Control Point Shapefile/Gdb
- Breakline Shapefile/Gdb
- Project XML Metadata

Multi-File Deliverables

File Type	Quantity
Swath LAS Files Required? XML Metadata?	404
☑ Intensity Image Files ☑ Required?	638
☑ Tiled LAS Files ☑ Required? ☑ XML Metadata?	638
Breakline Files Required? XML Metadata?	2
☑ Bare-Earth DEM Files ☑ Required? ☑ XML Metadata?	638

Additional Deliverables

Errors, Anomalies, Other Issues to document? O Yes
No

None.

Project Geographic Information

Areal Extent:	
530.42	
Sq Mi	
<u>Sq Mi</u> Grid Size:	
1.0	

meters
Tile Size:
1500 x 1500
<u>meters</u> Nominal Pulse Spacing:
0.5
meters
Vertical Datum: NAVD88 meters
Horizontal Datum: NAD83 meters

Project Projection/Coordinate Reference System: UTM zone 18N meters.

This Projection Coordinate Reference System is consistent across the following deliverables:

- ✓ Project Shapefile/Geodatabase
- Project Tiling Scheme Shapefile/Gdb
- Checkpoints Shapefile/Geodatabase
- Project XML Metadata File
- Swath LAS XML Metadata File
- Classified LAS XML Metadata File
- Breaklines XML Metadata File
- Bare-Earth DEM XML Metadata File
- Swath LAS Files
- ✓ Classified LAS Files
- Breaklines Files
- Bare-Earth DEM Files

Review Cycle

This section documents who performed the QA Review on a project as well as when QA reviews were started, actions passed, received, and completed.

Reviewer: L. Lansbery	Review Start Date: 8/27/2012		
Action to Contractor Date	Issue Description	Return Date	
9/13/2012	Floating Water, bridge artifact, two buildings not removed from DEM, anomalous error	10/23/2012	
10/24/2012	Swath data not loading correctly	11/5/2012	

Review Complete: 11/13/2012

Metadata Review

Provided metadata files have been parsed using 'mp' metadata parser. Any errors generated by the parser are documented below for reference and/or corrective action.

The Project XML Metadata file parsed <u>without</u>errors.

The Swath LAS XML Metadata file parsed without errors.

The Classified LAS XML Metadata file parsed <u>without</u>errors.

The Breakline XML Metadata file parsed without errors.

The Bare-Earth DEM XML Metadata file parsed without errors.

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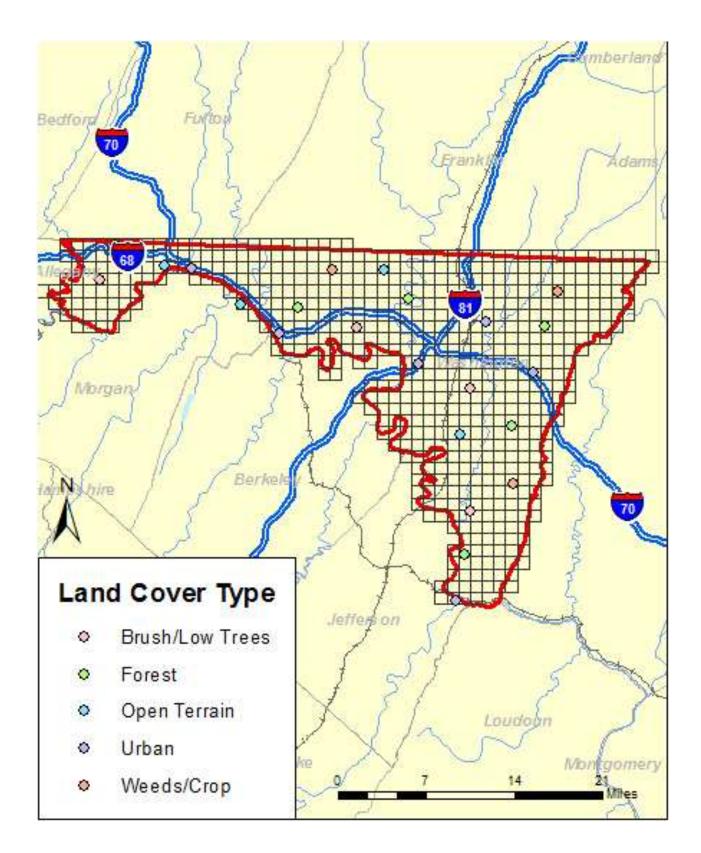
Project QA/QC Report Review

ASPRS recommends that checkpoint surveys be used to verify the vertical accuracy of LiDAR data sets. Checkpoints are to be collected by an independent survey firm licensed in the particular state(s) where the project is located. While subjective, checkpoints should be well distributed throughout the dataset. National Standards for Spatial Data Accuracy (NSSDA) guidance states that checkpoints may be distributed more densely in the vicinity of important features and more sparsely in areas that are of little or no interest. Checkpoints should be distributed so that points are spaced at intervals of at least ten percent of the diagonal distance across the dataset.

NSSDA and ASPRS require that a minimum of twenty checkpoints (thirty is preferred) are collected for each major land cover category represented in the LiDAR data. Checkpoints should be selected on flat terrain, or on uniformly sloping terrain in all directions from each checkpoint. They should not be selected near severe breaks in slope, such as bridge abutments, edges of roads, or near river bluffs. Checkpoints are an important component of the USGS QA process. There is the presumption that the checkpoint surveys are error free and the discrepancies are attributable to the LiDAR dataset supplied.

For this dataset, USGS checked the spatial distribution of checkpoints with an emphasis on the bare-earth (open terrain) points; the number of points per class; the methodology used to collect these points; and the relationship between the data supplier and checkpoint collector. When independent control data are available, USGS has incorporated this into the analysis.

Checkpoint Shapefile or Geodatabase: ☑ Checkpoint Distribution Image?



The following land cover classes are represented in this dataset (uncheck any that do not apply):

✓ Bare Earth

- ▼ Tall Weeds and Crops
- Brush Lands and Low Trees
- ✓ Forested Areas Fully Covered by Trees
- ✓ Urban Areas with Dense Man-Made Structures

There are a minimum of 20 checkpoints for each land cover class represented. Points within each class are uniformly distributed throughout the dataset. USGS <u>was</u>able to locate independent checkpoints for this analysis. USGS <u>accepts</u>the quality of the checkpoint data for these LiDAR datasets.

This lot has 22 checkpoints total for all the land cover categories • Yes • No

□ Image?
This is only one portion (Washington County) of the entire AOI for this task, so tentative tests were performed on smaller subareas with fewer than 20 QA/QC checkpoints. Dewberry's final results will not be official until all areas are merged for testing of the total area with all project checkpoints.
The RMSEz values for Washington County were combined with the values from the rest of the project area that have been completed so far: including Allegany and Loudoun Counties. The RMSEZ is 0.11 meters in open terrain which meets project specifications of 0.125 meters for 16 survey points. The fundamental vertical accuracy is 0.22 meters which meets the project specifications of 0.245 meters for 16 survey points. The consolidated vertical accuracy is 0.27 meters which meets project specifications of 0.363 meters (when compared with 79 survey points).

□ Image?

From Dewberry_ProjectReport_Washington on page 4: Two survey checkpoints in Washington County were discounted during the RMSEZ analysis because they were found to be horizontally misplaced. These two points, FO-22 and FO-28, were in the forest groundcover type. The coordinates given for their location placed the checkpoints in open terrain with no nearby forest, and were not found to match the descriptions of the survey sites.

*This left 4 checkpoints for forest SVA. Vertical accuracy for forest was calculated excluding these two points and is noted in the spreadsheet for SVA-forest.

Accuracy values are reported in terms of Fundamental Vertical Accuracy (FVA), Supplemental Vertical Accuracy(s) (SVA), and Consolidated Vertical Accuracy (CVA).

Accuracy values are reported in: meters

Required FVA Value is 0.245 meters or less.

Target SVA Value is 0.363 meters or less.

Required CVA Value is 0.363 meters or less.

The reported FVA of the LAS Swath data is 0.22 meters.

The reported FVA of the Bare-Earth DEM data is 0.21 meters.

SVA are required for each land cover type present in the data set with the exception of bare-earth. SVA is calculated and reported as a 95th Percentile Error.

Land Cover Type	\Box	SVA Value	Units
Tall Weeds and Crops		0.28	meters
Brush Lands and Low Trees		0.27	meters
Forested Areas Fully Covered by Trees		3.49	meters
Urban Areas with Dense Man-Made Structu		0.16	meters

The reported CVA of this data set is: 0.32 meters.

LAS Swath File Review

LAS swath files or raw unclassified LiDAR data are reviewed to assess the quality control used by the data supplier during collection. Furthermore, LAS swath data are checked for positional accuracy. The data supplier should have calculated the Fundamental Vertical Accuracy using ground control checkpoints measured in clear open terrain. The following was determined for LAS swath data for this project:

LAS VersionLAS 1.2LAS 1.3LAS 1.4

Swath File Characteristics

- Separate folder for LAS swath files
- ✓ Each swath files <= 2GB</p>
- \blacksquare *If specified, *.wdp files for full waveform have been provided

The reported FVA of the LAS swath data is 0.22 meters.

Based on this review, the USGS <u>accepts</u> the LAS swath file data.

⊙ Yes ⊙ No

÷	✓	o112086a_Turns_calibration_xline	
÷	✓	o112086a	
÷	✓	o112083b_Turns_calibration_xline	
+	✓	o112083b	
+	✓	o112083a_Turns_calibration_xline	
+	✓	o112083a	
+	✓	o112082a_Turns_calibration_xline	
+	✓	o112082a	
÷	✓	o112073b_Turns_calibration_xline	
+	✓	o112073b	
+	✓	o112073a_Turns_calibration_xline	
+	✓	o112073a	NAD 1983 NSRS2007 UTM Zone 18N
÷	✓	o112072b_Turns_calibration_xline	NAD_1985_N3N32007_01Mi_20112_181
÷	✓	o112072b	
÷	✓	o112072a_Turns_calibration_xline	
÷	✓	o112072a	
÷	✓	o112071b_Turns_calibration_xline	
+	✓	o112071b	
+	✓	o112071a_Turns_calibration_xline	
+	✓	o112071a	
+	✓	o112070b_Turns_calibration_xline	
+	✓	o112070b	
+	✓	o112070a_Turns_calibration_xline	
÷	✓	o112070a	
÷	✓	o112066a	
+	✓	o112057b	
+	✓	o112057a	
+	✓	o112053a	
_	_	o112051b	
+	✓	o112051a	NAD 1983 UTM Zone 18N
_		o112050b	
+	✓	o112050a	
+	✓	o112049a	
_	_	o112034b	
+	✓	o112034a	
_		o112031b	
+	✓	o112031a	

Swath files have differing coordinate systems. The metadata conflicts with the actual projections on the files - some swath metadata have Zone 17N and NAD 1983 NSRS2007, while projections for same files show Zone NAD 1983 18N.

** 11/5/2012: This issue was corrected by the vendor and the swath files are $good^{**}$

LAS Tile File Review

Classified LAS tile files are used to build digital terrain models using the points classified as ground. Therefore, it is important that the classified LAS are of sufficient quality to ensure that the derivative product accurately represents the landscape that was measured. The following was determined for classified LAS files for this project:

Classified LAS Tile File Characteristics

- Separate folder for Classified LAS tile files
- Classified LAS tile files conform to Project Tiling Scheme
- Quantity of Classified LAS tile files conforms to Project Tiling Scheme
- Classified LAS tile files do not overlap
- Classified LAS tile files are uniform in size
- Classified LAS tile files have no points classified as '12'
- Point classifications are limited to the standard values listed below:

Code	Description
1	Processed, but unclassified
2	Bare-earth ground
7	Noise (low or high, manually identified, if needed)
9	Water
10	Ignored ground (breakline proximity)
11	Withheld (if the "Withheld" bit is not implemented in processing software)

🗖 Buy up?

Based on this review, the USGS <u>accepts</u> the classified LAS tile file data.

Errors, Anomalies, Other Issues to document? O Yes O No

□ Im	age?			

Breakline File Review

Breaklines are vector feature classes that are used to hydro-flatten the bare earth Digital Elevation Models.

Breakline File Characteristics

- ☑ Separate folder for breakline files
- ☑ All breaklines captured as PolylineZ or PolygonZ features
- ☑ No missing or misplaced breaklines

Based on this review, the USGS <u>accepts</u> the breakline files.

Errors, Anomalies, Other Issues to document? O Yes O No

□ Image for error?

Bare-Earth DEM Tile File Review

The derived bare-earth DEM file receives a review of the vertical accuracies provided by the data supplier, vertical accuracies calculated by USGS using supplied and independent checkpoints, and a manual check of the appearance of the DEM layer.

Bare-Earth DEM files provided in the following format: Erdas Imagine *.img

Bare-Earth DEM Tile File Characteristics

- ☑ Separate folder for bare-earth DEM files
- ☑ DEM files conform to Project Tiling Scheme
- Quantity of DEM files conforms to Project Tiling Scheme
- ☑ DEM files do not overlap
- ☑ DEM files are uniform in size
- DEM files properly edge match
- Independent check points are well distributed

All accuracy values reported in meters

Reported Accuracies

Land Cover Category	# of Points	FundamentalVertical Accuracy@95%ConfidenceInterval(Accuracy $_z$)Required FVA =0.245or less.	Supplemental Vertical Accuracy @95th Percentile Error Target SVA = 0.363 or less.	<u>Consolidated</u> <u>Vertical Accuracy</u> @95th Percentile Error Required CVA = 0.363 or less.
Open Terrain	20	0.21		
Tall Weeds and Crops			0.28	
Brush Lands and Low Trees			0.27	
Forested Areas Fully Covered by Trees			3.49	
Urban Areas with Dense Man-Made Structures			0.16	
Consolidated	20			0.32

☑ QA performed Accuracy Calculations?

Calculated Accuracies

	<u>Fundamental</u> <u>Vertical Accuracy</u> <u>@95%</u>	Supplemental Vertical Accuracy	<u>Consolidated</u> Vertical Accuracy
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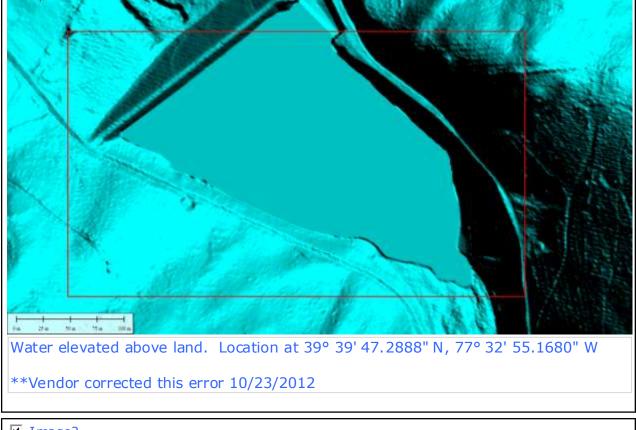
Land Cover Category	# of Points	Confidence Interval (Accuracy _z) Required FVA = 0.245 or less.	@95th Percentile Error Target SVA = 0.363 or less.	@95th Percentile Error Required CVA = 0.363 or less.
Open Terrain	5	0.19		
Tall Weeds and Crops	3		0.12	
Brush Lands and Low Trees	4		0.23	
Forested Areas Fully Covered by Trees	4		3.82	
Urban Areas with Dense Man-Made Structures	6		0.11	
Consolidated	22			3.21

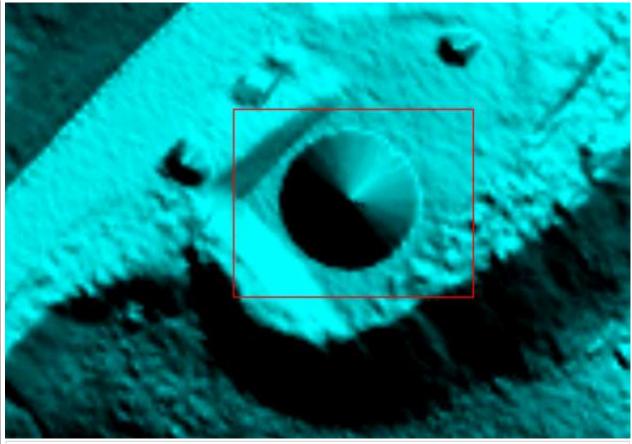
Based on this review, the USGS <u>recommends</u> the bare-earth DEM files for inclusion in the 1/3 Arc-Second National Elevation Dataset.

Based on this review, the USGS <u>accepts</u> the bare-earth DEM files.

Bare-Earth DEM Anomalies, Errors, Other Issues

Errors, Anomalies, Other Issues to document? • Yes • No



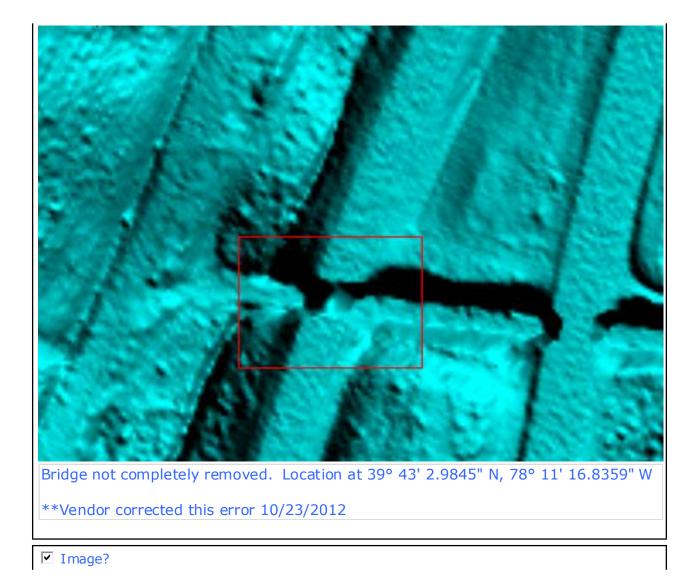


Building in DEM that needs removed. Two occurrences of this error. Location at 39° 41' 51.8623" N, 78° 17' 26.1371" W

**Vendor corrected this error 10/23/2012









Based on this review, the deliverables provided <u>meet</u> the Task Order requirements.

Internal Note:

The swath files has two coordinate systems: NAD_1983_UTM_Zone_18N and NAD_1983_NSRS2007_UTM_Zone_18N. The metadata for part of the swath files do not correspond with the coordinate system. FVA was calculated against the swath using only the 5 provided Open Terrain checkpoints with the result of 0.205 m. Swath files were resent on 11/5/12 with correct projection information and FVA was ran against the files again with a result of 0.205 m.

The las tiles had four files that were corrupt, but contractor resent the files and they were ok. Point cloud statistics were run for the classified las tiles with no problems noted. Coordinate system for the las was consistent.

There are only 22 checkpoints for this lot: 5 Open Terrain, 2 Tall Weeds and Crop, 4 Brush lands and low trees, 4 Forest, 6 Urban. Two forest checkpoints were excluded by the contractor due to horizontal misplacement. NGTOC did do accuracy calculations on the checkpoints provided with SVA-forest and CVA failing. Dewberry's project report did say that final results for the project will not be official until all 5 lots are merged for testing of the total area with all project checkpoints. Lots 1-4 have been received at NGTOC. Lots 1 & 2 have already been accepted and shipped.

The breaklines files are complete and ok.

There were only a few errors noted in the dataset. One instance of water higher than the land, two areas with a maintenance building not removed from DEM/las, a bridge that was not completely removed and an area that is a rail yard with structures still present. These errors were corrected by the vendor.

Also of note are 4 instances of bridge saddles as a result of removal of bridges. These were not addressed by the vendor and still remain in the dataset.

This is the end of the report.

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